

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Oxford Agency 40-42 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst, NSW 2010	Phone: (02) 9331 2180
co-agent		
vendor	2M4 Pty Ltd (ACN 161 955 844) as trustee for The Inmarcwe Trust	
vendor's solicitor	Vizzone Ruggero Twigg Lawyers 1129 Botany Road, Mascot NSW 2020 PO Box 97, Mascot NSW 1460	Phone: (02) 83732113 Email: rc@vrtlawyers.com.au Ref: CCR:RC:19944
date for completion	42nd day after the contract date	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach, 2026 Registered Plan: Lots 1-8 SP 1944 Folio Identifier 1/SP1944, 2/SP1944, 3/SP1944, 4/SP1944, 5/SP1944, 6/SP1944, 7/SP1944 and 8/SP1944	
	<input type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> subject to existing tenancies	
improvements	<input type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input type="checkbox"/> garage <input type="checkbox"/> carport <input type="checkbox"/> home unit <input type="checkbox"/> carspace <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input type="checkbox"/> other: 6 Unit Strata block	
attached copies	<input type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input type="checkbox"/> air conditioning	<input type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input type="checkbox"/> range hood
	<input type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input type="checkbox"/> solar panels
	<input type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input type="checkbox"/> stove
	<input type="checkbox"/> ceiling fans	<input type="checkbox"/> EV charger	<input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment	<input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
	<input type="checkbox"/> other:			
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price	\$			
deposit	\$			(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	\$			
contract date				(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

Where there is more than one purchaser JOINT TENANTS
 tenants in common in unequal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p>	<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p>
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
<p>Signed by _____</p> <p>in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held Office held</p>	<p>Signed by _____</p> <p>in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held Office held</p>

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** NO yes

Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4): _____

Manual transaction (clause 30) NO yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exception, in the space below):

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable NO yes

GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make a **GSTRW payment** (GST residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of **GSTRW payment**:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the **GSTRW rate** (residential withholding rate):

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

<p>General</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land <input type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land <input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided <input type="checkbox"/> 5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan <input type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) <input type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract <input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) <input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report <input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) <input type="checkbox"/> 17 other document relevant to tenancies <input type="checkbox"/> 18 licence benefiting the land <input type="checkbox"/> 19 old system document <input type="checkbox"/> 20 Crown purchase statement of account <input type="checkbox"/> 21 building management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 22 form of requisitions <input type="checkbox"/> 23 <i>clearance certificate</i> <input type="checkbox"/> 24 land tax certificate <p>Home Building Act 1989</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 25 insurance certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 26 brochure or warning <input type="checkbox"/> 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover <p>Swimming Pools Act 1992</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 28 certificate of compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 29 evidence of registration <input type="checkbox"/> 30 relevant occupation certificate <input type="checkbox"/> 31 certificate of non-compliance <input type="checkbox"/> 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance 	<p>Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 33 property certificate for strata common property <input type="checkbox"/> 34 plan creating strata common property <input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata development contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal proposal <input type="checkbox"/> 39 strata renewal plan <input type="checkbox"/> 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property <input type="checkbox"/> 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 42 plan creating neighbourhood property <input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 44 neighbourhood management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 45 property certificate for precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 46 plan creating precinct property <input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 48 precinct management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 49 property certificate for community property <input type="checkbox"/> 50 plan creating community property <input type="checkbox"/> 51 community development contract <input type="checkbox"/> 52 community management statement <input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws <input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement <input type="checkbox"/> 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries <input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 <input type="checkbox"/> 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 <input type="checkbox"/> 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract <input type="checkbox"/> 59 other document relevant to off the plan contract <p>Other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 60
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HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Section 66W Certificate

I, of , certify as follows:

1. I am a Solicitor.
2. I am giving this certificate in accordance with section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919 with reference to a contract for the sale of property at **122 Francis Street, Bondi NSW 2026**, from **2M4 Pty Ltd (ACN 161 955 844) as Trustee for The Inmarcwe Trust** to
in order that there is no cooling off period in relation to that contract.
3. I do not act for **2M4 Pty Ltd as Trustee for The Inmarcwe Trust** and am not employed in the legal practice of a solicitor acting for **2M4 Pty Ltd as Trustee for The Inmarcwe Trust** nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a solicitor acting for **2M4 Pty Ltd as Trustee for The Inmarcwe Trust** is a member or employee.
4. I have explained to :
 - (a) the effect of the contract for the purchase of that property;
 - (b) the nature of this certificate; and
 - (c) the effect of giving this certificate to the vendor, that is there is no cooling off period in relation to the contract.

Dated: _____

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. **Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:**

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. **A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.**
3. **If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.**
4. **If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.**
5. **The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.**
6. **Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.**
7. **If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).**
8. **The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.**
9. **Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.**
10. **A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.**
11. **Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.**
12. **Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.**

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1	In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –
	<i>adjustment date</i> the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
	<i>adjustment figures</i> details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
	<i>authorised Subscriber</i> a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice <i>served</i> by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
	<i>bank</i> the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
	<i>business day</i> any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
	<i>cheque</i> a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
	<i>clearance certificate</i> a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
	<i>completion time</i> the time of day at which completion is to occur;
	<i>conveyancing rules</i> the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
	<i>deposit-bond</i> a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor –
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● the issuer; ● the expiry date (if any); and ● the amount;
	<i>depositholder</i> vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
	<i>discharging mortgagee</i> any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
	<i>document of title</i> document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
	<i>ECNL</i> the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
	<i>electronic document</i> a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
	<i>electronic transaction</i> a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
	<i>electronic transfer</i> a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
	<i>FRCGW percentage</i> the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
	<i>FRCGW remittance</i> a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served</i> by a <i>party</i> ;
	<i>GST Act</i> A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
	<i>GST rate</i> the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
	<i>GSTRW payment</i> a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
	<i>GSTRW rate</i> the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
	<i>incoming mortgagee</i> any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
	<i>legislation</i> an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
	<i>manual transaction</i> a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
	<i>normally</i> subject to any other provision of this contract;
	<i>participation rules</i> the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
	<i>party</i> each of the vendor and the purchaser;
	<i>property</i> the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
	<i>planning agreement</i> a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
	<i>populate</i> to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

- 1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
- 4.1.2 a *party* *serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
- 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*;
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within 21 days* after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within 21 days* after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within 14 days* after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within 1 month* of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within 3 months* after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within 14 days* after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- ### • Purchaser
- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *servicing* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *servicing* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
- 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- ### • Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within that time* and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 • either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 • every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 • the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- **Place for completion**
- 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- **Payments on completion**
- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS

33. These Special Conditions shall prevail over any contrary clause or condition in this Contract.

AMENDMENTS TO PRINTED CLAUSES

- 34.1 Clause 1 is amended by deleting “a building society or a credit union” from the definition of “bank”;
- 34.2 Clauses 7.1.1, 7.2.1, 7.2.2 and 7.2.5 are deleted.
- 34.3 In clause 7.1.3 the figure “14” is deleted and replaced by the figure “7”
- 34.4 Clause 8 is amended by deleting “on reasonable grounds”.
- 34.5 Clauses 8.2.2 and 8.2.3 are deleted.
- 34.6 Clause 10.1.8 is amended by deleting “the substance of either of”.
- 34.7 Clause 10.1.9 is amended by deleting “the substance of”.
- 34.8 Clause 14.4.2 is deleted;
- 34.9 Add Clause 16.8 as “If the Vendor requires more than five (5) settlement cheques, the Vendor must pay \$10.00 for each cheque”;
- 34.10 Clause 18.6 add at the end of the clause “and make good any damage caused to the property by the Purchaser.
- 34.11 Clauses 23.13 and 23.14 is amended by changing “7 days” to 3 “days”
- 34.12 Clause 23.17 is deleted
- 34.13 Clause 24.1 is deleted.
- 34.14 Clause 28 is deleted.

DOCUMENTS

- 35 For the purposes of clause 10, the substance of all material contained in any document or copy of a document attached to this Contract is disclosed in this Contract whether or not it is included in the list of documents on page 2.
- 36. If, before this Contract is signed by or on behalf of the Purchaser a document or a copy of a document, at the request of the Vendor or the Vendor’s solicitor, was attached to this Contract by or on behalf of the Purchaser or the Purchaser’s solicitor, the person attaching that document does so as the agent of the Vendor

ALTERATIONS TO THE CONTRACT

- 37. Each party authorises his, her or their solicitor or an employee of that solicitor up until the date of this Contract to make alterations to this Contract including the addition of annexures after execution up until the date of this Contract and any such alterations shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexure so added shall form part of this Contract as if same was annexed prior to the Contract being executed.

WARRANTIES

- 38. The Purchaser acknowledges that he has not relied on any warranty or representation made by the Vendor or by any person on behalf of the Vendor in entering this Contract except such as are expressly contained in this Contract and takes the property in its present state and condition and repair and all defects, dilapidations, contaminations and infestations (if any) whether latent or patent and has satisfied himself as to all prohibited and permitted uses of the property.
- 39. The Purchaser warrants that no Real Estate Agent other than the Agent, named in this Contract (if any) as the Vendor's Agent, has shown the property to the Purchaser or introduced the Vendor or the property to the Purchaser and in the event of any claim being brought against the Vendor by any person or corporation claiming commission or damages against the Vendor as a result of any matter which would amount to a breach of the warranty herein contained, the Purchaser shall indemnify the Vendor against such claim including all legal costs both on a party and party and solicitor and client basis incurred by the Vendor in resisting such claim and the indemnity herein contained shall not merge on Completion.

DEATH BANKRUPTCY AND LIQUIDATION

40. Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party prior to completion:
- (a) die or become mentally ill;
 - (b) be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme or make any assignment for the benefit of creditors or being a company resolve to go into liquidation or have a petition for its winding up presented or enter into a scheme of arrangement with its creditors, or should a liquidator, receiver or official manager be appointed in respect thereof;
- then the other party may by written notice rescind this Contract;

ADJUSTMENTS AND LIABILITIES

- 41.1 The Vendor will not be obliged to remove any charge on the property from any rate, tax (including Land Tax) or outgoing, until the completion date.
- 41.2 The Vendor will not be deemed to be unable to complete this Contract by reason of the existence of any charge on the property for any rate, tax (including Land Tax) or outgoing.
- 41.3 The Vendor will be entitled to serve a notice to complete or any other notice on the Purchaser notwithstanding the existence of any charge on the property for any rate, tax (including Land Tax) or outgoing.

STAMP DUTY

42. The Purchaser must pay all stamp duties (including penalties and fines but excluding any Vendor duty) which is payable in connection with this Contract and indemnifies the Vendor against any liability which results from default, delay or omission to pay those duties or failure to make proper disclosures to the Revenue NSW in relation to those duties. This right continues after Completion.

PROPERTY SOLD IN PRESENT CONDITION

- 43.1 The property together with all appurtenances and all those items specified as inclusions, furnishings and chattels is purchased in its present condition and state of repair and subject to all faults and defects both latent and patent and:
- (a) the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it buys the property together with all appurtenances and all those items specified as inclusions, furnishings and chattels, relying on its own inspection, knowledge and enquiries;
 - (b) the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it does not rely wholly or partly on any statement or representation made to it by or on behalf of the Vendor as to the property, the neighbourhood in which the property is situated, the condition or state of repair of any improvements on the property or any part of the property or the financial return or income derived or to be derived from the property, whether expressed or implied other than any express statements, representations or warranties in this Contract.
 - (c) the Purchaser is not entitled to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation, delay completion, rescind or terminate this contract on account of any matter referred to in this clause.
- 43.2 The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that:
- (a) the Vendor does not have a Building Information Certificate for the Property
 - (b) the Vendor does not authorise the Purchaser to have the property inspected for the purpose of obtaining a Building Information Certificate;

- (c) the Purchaser agrees not to apply for a Building Information Certificate prior to Completion;
- (d) the Purchaser is not entitled to require the Vendor to apply for or do anything to obtain a Building Information Certificate; nor comply with the local council's requirements for the issue of a Building Information Certificate. Completion of this contract is not conditional on the Vendor or the Purchaser obtaining a Building Information Certificate; and
- (e) the Purchaser is not entitled to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation, delay Completion, rescind or terminate this contract on account of any matter referred to in this clause.

43.3 Subject to any right of rescission that may be available to the Purchaser the Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that it shall not make nor be entitled to make any requisition, claim for compensation, delay Completion, rescind or terminate if it should be found that:

- (a) there is any breach or contravention of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended) or the regulations made thereunder by or in respect of any improvements erected upon the property;
- (b) there is any encroachment by or upon the property;
- (c) any sewers, drains, pipes, cables, wires, water courses or other installations or things are on or pass through or over the property or are used in common with any adjoining property or pass through any other property or that there are any easements or rights in respect of such installations affecting the property;
- (d) any rainwater drainpipe is connected to the sewer; or
- (e) any boundary of the property is not fenced, or any boundary fence or wall is not on or within its boundary.

COMPLETION

44.1 Either party may serve a notice to complete upon the other party requiring completion of this Contract to take place at any time after fourteen (14) days from and including the date of service of such notice in the event completion does not take place on or before 4.00p.m on the Completion Date AND it is agreed by the parties that the time required for completion in such notice shall be of the essence of this Contract.

44.2 A party may, at any time, withdraw its notice to complete and serve another notice to complete.

44.3 The Vendor is entitled to serve a notice to complete on the purchaser despite the existence of a charge or an encumbrance on the property at the time the notice to complete is served or at any time thereafter.

44.4 If the balance of the purchase price is not paid by the Purchaser to the Vendor upon the Completion Date then interest shall be payable thereon by the Purchaser to the Vendor at the rate of 10% per annum computed from the Completion Date to and including the date of completion of this Contract and it is an essential term of this Contract that such interest shall be paid on completion of this Contract.

No interest shall be payable by the Purchaser for any period during which completion is delayed by the Vendor.

44.5 If the Vendor issues a Notice to Complete in accordance with this Special Condition as a result of the Purchaser's default under this Contract, then it is an essential term of this Contract that the Purchaser must, on completion, allow to the Vendor the sum of \$330.00 on account of the Vendor's additional legal costs and disbursements in relation to the issue of the Notice to Complete.

RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

45. The Purchaser hereby authorises the Stakeholder upon production of this Special Condition to forthwith release so much of the deposit as the Vendor may require to be applied towards the deposit on the purchase of another property by the Vendor and towards payment of stamp duty arising out of such purchase. The purchaser by his execution of this contract irrevocably authorises the stakeholder to release all or part of the deposit pursuant to this special condition.

SWIMMING POOLS

46. The Purchaser shall make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation nor shall the Vendor be required to carry out any work in relation to the condition, position, existence or non-existence of a fence or fences surrounding any swimming pool erected on the property.

THE DEPOSIT

47. The parties acknowledge that it is a fundamental condition of this Contract that a deposit of 10% of the purchase price is payable and shall be forfeited to the Vendor in the event of the Purchaser's default under this Contract.

In the event that the Vendor agrees to accept less than 10% of the purchase price to be paid by the Purchaser, either on or before the date of exchange or prior to the expiry of any cooling off period granted under this Contract, then the balance of the deposit (being 10% of the purchase price) shall be paid to the Vendor on the date of completion, in the event that the Contract is completed, or immediately upon notice being served on the Purchaser by or on behalf of the Vendor in the event this Contract is terminated.

It is agreed and declared that the deposit amount of 10% of the purchase price is not a penalty imposed by the Vendor but a security amount for the protection of the Vendor's rights contained in this Contract and that the Vendor would not have entered into this Contract if this Special Condition was not part of this Contract.

DEPOSIT GUARANTEE BOND

48. (a) The expression "Bond" in this Contract means a Deposit Guarantee Bond issued to the Vendor at the request of the Purchaser by a Guarantor (either named in this Contract or otherwise agreed between the Vendor and the Purchaser).
- (b) If the vendor accepts a bond for the deposit, the delivery to the Vendor or the Vendor's Solicitor of a Bond which binds the Guarantor to the Vendor shall, subject to (i) or (ii) of this sub-clause, be deemed for the purposes of this Contract to be payment of the guaranteed amount at the time of such delivery on account of the deposit to the person or persons nominated in this Contract to receive the deposit, and the following provisions shall apply:
- (i) On completion of this Contract, or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted for to the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay the amount stipulated in the Bond to the Vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque; or
- (ii) If the Vendor serves on the Purchaser a notice in writing claiming to forfeit the deposit, then such service shall operate as a demand upon the Purchaser for payment forthwith of the deposit (or so much thereof as has not been paid) and the Vendor shall be entitled to demand payment from the Guarantor in accordance with the provisions of the Bond, and the provisions of this Contract in relation to the deposit.

BREACH OF STATUTORY WARRANTY BY VENDOR

- 49.1 If the Purchaser discovers that the Vendor has breached any warranty implied by the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2010, the Purchaser must, within 7 days of discovering that breach, notify the Vendor in writing of that breach.
- 49.2 If the Vendor breaches any warranty implied by the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulations 2010, the Vendor may, before Completion, serve a notice:
- (a) specifying the breach;

- (b) requesting the Purchaser to serve a notice irrevocably waiving the breach (“the Waiver”); and
- (c) indicating that the Vendor intends to rescind this Contract if the Waiver is not served within 14 days of service of the notice.

49.3 The Vendor may rescind this Contract if:

- (a) The Vendor serves a notice under Special Condition 49.2; and
- (b) The Purchaser does not serve the Waiver within the time required under the notice;

49.4 If the Purchaser serves the Waiver before the Vendor rescinds this Contract under Special Condition 49.3 (1 above), the Vendor is no longer entitled to rescind this Contract under Special Condition 49.3.

49.5 The Purchaser has no Claim against the Vendor for breach of any warranty implied by the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2010 other than the right of rescission conferred by that Regulation.

CORPORATE PURCHASER

50. If the Purchaser is a Company, the officers or persons who sign this Contract on behalf of the Company or who attest the seal of the Company on this Contract:

- (a) jointly and separately guarantee all obligations of the Purchaser under this Contract including the payment of the purchase price;
- (b) jointly and separately indemnify the Vendor in respect of any default of the Purchaser under this Contract; and
- (c) this guarantee and indemnity is given by each guarantor as principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this Contract between the Vendor and the Purchaser.

REQUISITIONS

51. Subject to any prescribed items implied by law, the Purchaser accepts the Vendor’s title to the property and waives all requisitions.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE AND EXCHANGE

52 This Contract may be executed:

- (a) In any number of counterparts and all the counterparts together shall make one instrument;
- (b) Or by exchanging electronic copies of original signatures on this Contract;

52.1 This Contract may be validly created and exchanged by counterparts with each party’s signature (electronic or otherwise) sent electronically to each other party by email or facsimile.

52.2 The Parties acknowledge that the electronic version of this Contract signed by both parties will be the true and original version for the purposes of this transaction and that no other version will be provided unless other side agreed between the parties in writing.

52.3 The Parties agree to be bound by the electronic version of this Contract which has been signed and exchanged in accordance with this clause and the Purchaser may not object or delay settlement because of anything contained in this clause.

52.4 The Parties agree that they will be bound by, have complied with and will comply with *the Electronic Transaction Act 2000 (NSW)* in relation to the execution of this Contract.

EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

53. Notwithstanding the execution of this Contract by the Parties is a scanned copy of the original execution page on exchange of Contracts, the parties agree that the Contract is binding as if the signatures were in original form.
- 53.1 The Parties will, within 14 days from the date of this Contract, forward the other party's solicitor, the original of the execution page and the other party's solicitor is authorised to substitute the original execution page for the scanned copy of the execution page.
- 53.2 The Contract is deemed exchanged and the exchanged date is the time and date that the Vendor emails executed Contract to the Purchasers' Solicitor or the Real Estate Agent acting.

EARLY SETTLEMENT

54. If the purchaser requires an early settlement, within 4 weeks from the date of the exchange, the purchaser shall allow a fee of \$220.00 (inclusive of GST) to be paid to the Vendor's Solicitor on settlement.

ERROR IN ADJUSTMENTS

55. Each party to this Contract agrees that if on completion of any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this Contract is overlooked or incorrectly calculated, any party upon being so requested by the other party, shall forthwith make the correct calculation and pay such amount to the other party as shown by such calculation to be payable. This clause shall not merge on completion of this contract.

CHRISTMAS CLAUSE

56. Notwithstanding any other term in this agreement, the Parties agree that Completion shall not take place during the Christmas Shutdown Period of any particular year. The Parties have also agreed that a Notice to Complete issued by a firm other than Vizzone Ruggero Twigg Lawyers has no effect if it falls due during the Christmas Shutdown Period. The Purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or delay completion or terminate in this regard. For the purposes of this clause, Christmas Shutdown Period means the period commencing at 5pm on the date being 22 December 2023 and ending at 5pm on the date being 12 January 2024.



FOLIO: 1/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:20 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 1 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 2/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 2 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 3/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 3 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 4/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 4 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 5/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 6/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 6 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 7/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 7 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: 8/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
-----	----	-----	----
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	10	16/9/2021

LAND

LOT 8 IN STRATA PLAN 1944
AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY

FIRST SCHEDULE

2M4 PTY LTD (T AR434756)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP1944
- 2 AR434757 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



FOLIO: CP/SP1944

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
22/11/2023	5:22 PM	1	7/9/1990

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 1944
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT WAVERLEY
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA WAVERLEY
PARISH OF ALEXANDRIA COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP1944

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 1944
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
122 FRANCIS STREET
WAVERLEY 2024

SECOND SCHEDULE (7 NOTIFICATIONS)

- * 1 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016
- * 2 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN WITHIN THE PART(S) SHOWN SO INDICATED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM - SEE CROWN GRANT (VOL 2061 FOL191)
- 3 C613848 COVENANT
- 4 C861209 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY LIMITED TO A HEIGHT OF 4.57 METRES APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 5 C861209 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY LIMITED IN HEIGHT AFFECTING THE PART SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 6 Z207315 THIS EDITION ISSUED PURSUANT TO S.111 REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900
- * 7 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO CLAUSE 3 SCHEDULE 4 STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 REGARDING BOUNDARIES BETWEEN LOTS AND COMMON PROPERTY IN STRATA SCHEMES REGISTERED BEFORE 1-7-1974

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 29600)

FOLIO: CP/SP1944

PAGE 2

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 29600) (CONTINUED)

STRATA PLAN 1944

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 4750	2	- 4750	3	- 4850	4	- 4850
5	- 4950	6	- 4950	7	- 250	8	- 250

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

- (a) State if whole or part.
- (b) Refer to number of Lot, Allotment, or Portion and to the Deposited Plan, Town, or as the case may be.

Parcel comprises^(a) Whole of^(b) Lot 5, D.P. 14694.

STRATA PLAN 1944 (E)

Reference to Title Vol. 4912. Fol. 225.

Registered: 19.1.66.

Mun./Shire/City Waverley

C.A.: 102-ST-2 of 17-12-1965

Locality Waverley

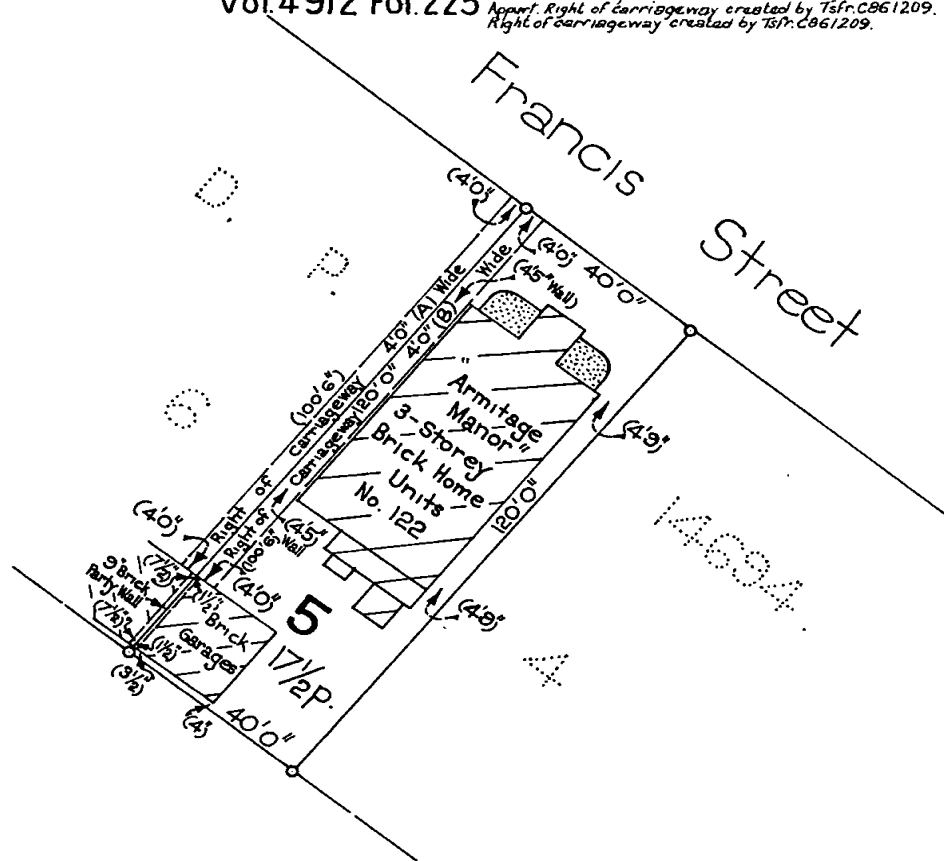
Parish Alexandria County Cumberland

Ref Map: Waverley Sh.6

Scale 30 feet to an inch

Last Plan: D.P. 14694

Appn. 25151 Pt. 13a. 2nd gtd. to Michael Woolley on 27th February 1839 Resn. of all mines of gold & silver
 Pt. Por. 710 gtd. to Minnie Lee on 19th May 1910 Vol. 2061 Fol. 191. Resn. of minerals
 Vol. 4912 Fol. 225 Covt. created by T5fr. C613848
Appur. Right of Carriageway created by T5fr. C861209.
Right of Carriageway created by T5fr. C861209.



External surface boundaries of the parcel and location of the building in relation thereto to be delineated in space opposite.

(c) Additional lots should be shown in an annexure.

(d) Delete if inappropriate.

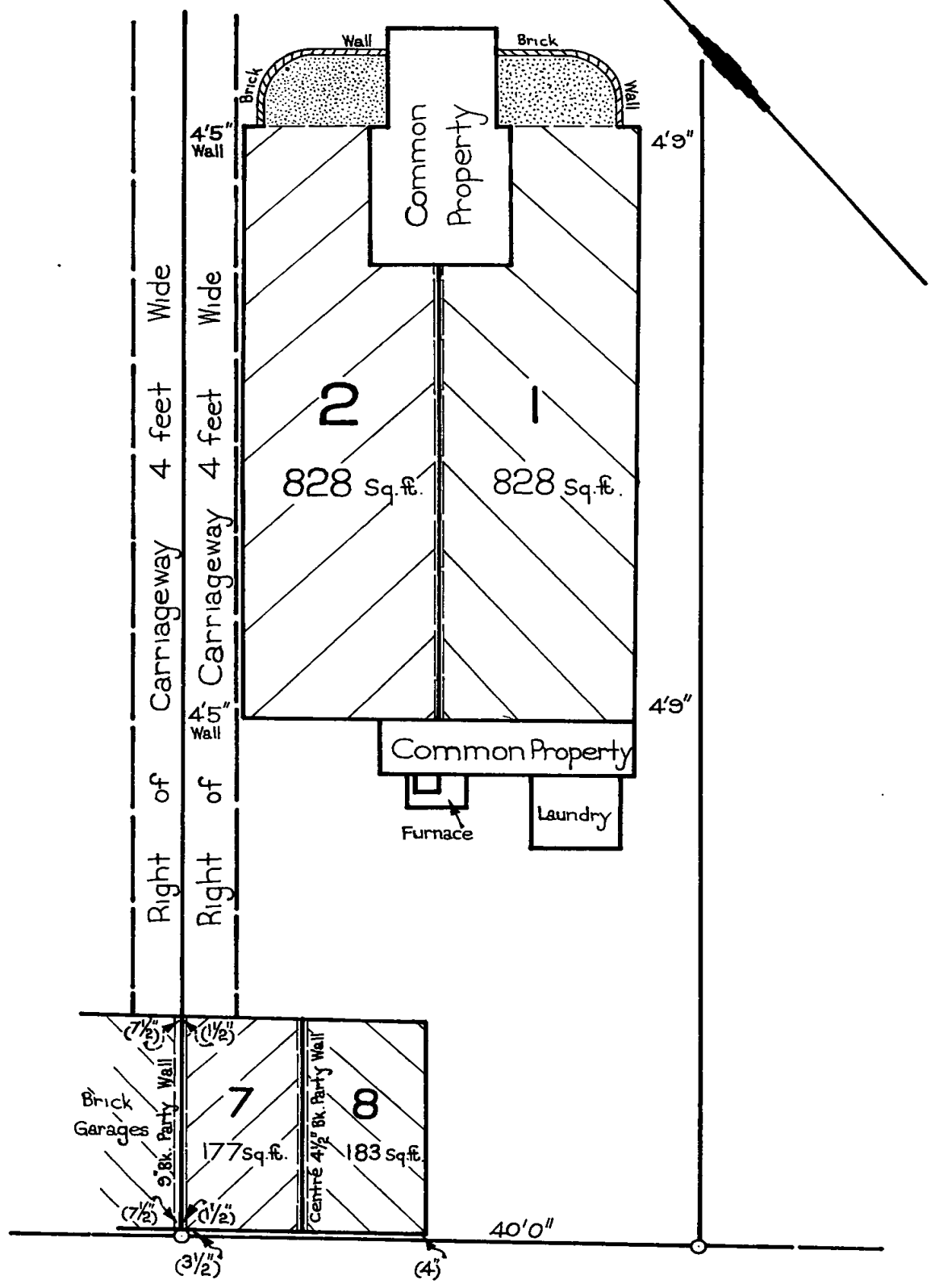
Schedule of Unit Entitlement ^(c)		OFFICE USE ONLY	
Lot No.	Unit Entitlement	Current C's of T.	
Lot No.	Unit Entitlement	Vol.	Fol.
1	4750	10225-228	
2	4750	10225-229	
3	4850	10225-230	
4	4850	10225-231	
5	4950	10225-232	
6	4950	10225-233	
7	250	10225-234	
8	250	10225-235	
AGGREGATE	29600		

I, Edwin Clive Banks,
 of 115 Pitt Street, Sydney.
 a surveyor registered under the Surveyors Act, 1929, as amended, hereby certify that:
 (1) the building erected on the parcel described above is within the external boundaries of the parcel^(c) subject to clause (2) of this certificate.
 (2) eaves or guttering of the building project beyond such external boundaries and an appropriate easement has been granted as an appurtenance of the parcel by registered Transfer No. _____
 Dated 13th April 1965.
 Signature *Edwin Clive Banks*
 Approved by the Council for the purposes of the Conveyancing (Strata Titles) Act, 1961.
 Date 17th December, 1965
 Subdivision No. 102-ST-2
[Signature]
 Council Clerk

The address for service of notices on the body corporate is: "Armitage Manor" No. 122 Francis Street, Waverley.

STRATA PLAN No. 1944

Ground Floor

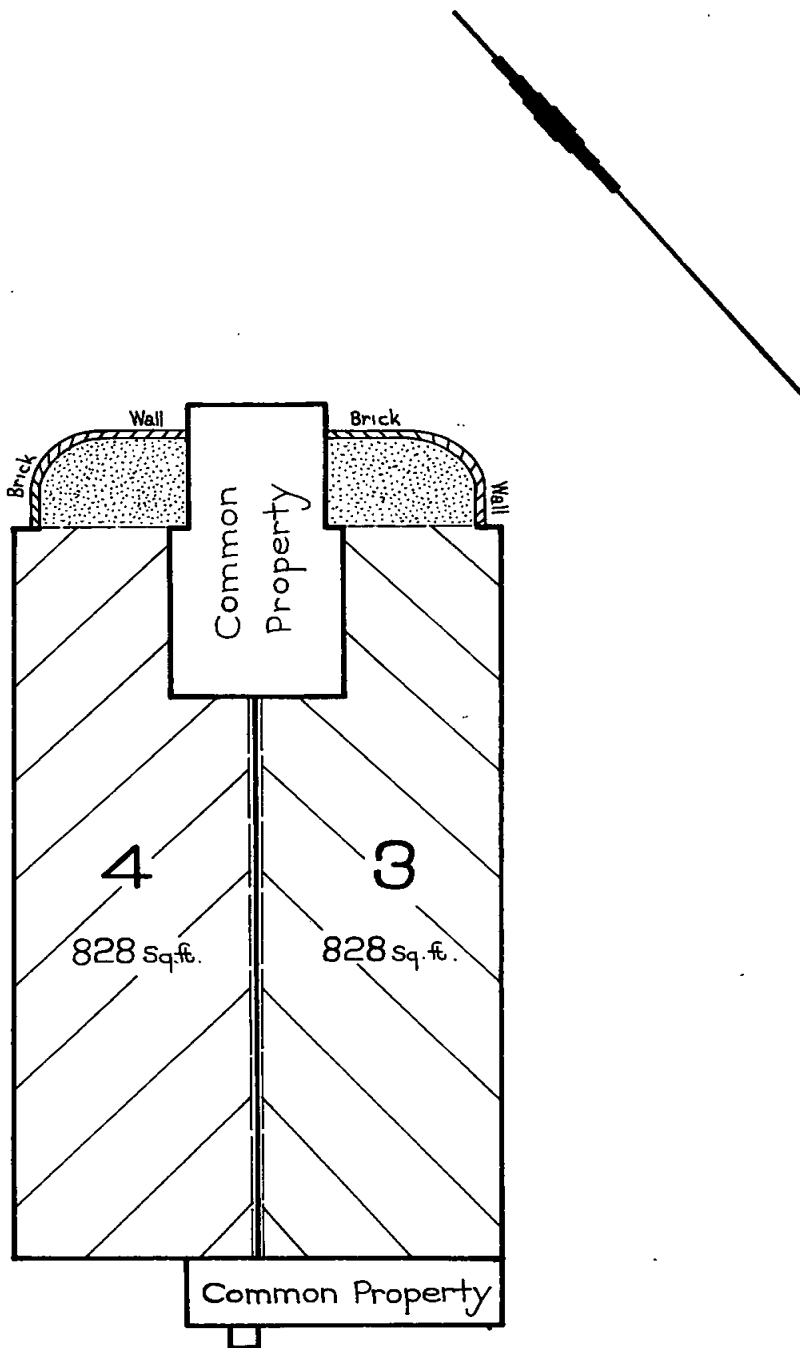


Balconies are included in the Lots

[Signature]
Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 1944

First Floor

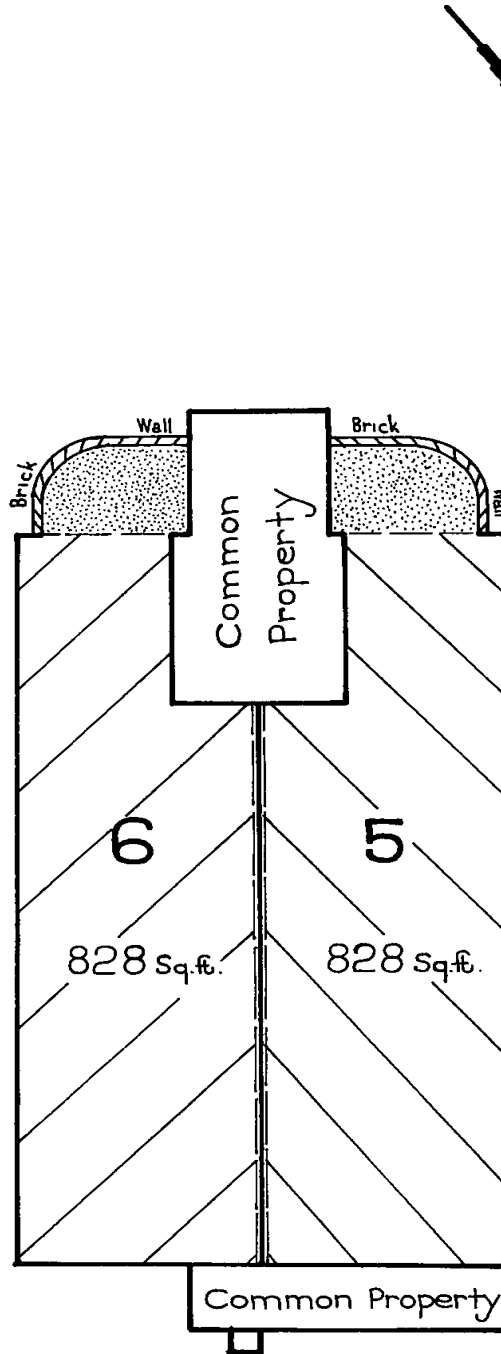


Balconies are included
in the Lots

[Signature]
Council Clerk.

STRATA PLAN No. 1944

Second Floor



CONVERSION TABLE ADDED IN REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

STRATA PLAN 1944

FEET INCHES		METRES
-	1 1/2	0.04
-	3 1/2	0.09
-	4	0.1
-	7 1/2	0.19
-	9	0.23
4	-	1.22
4	5	1.345
4	9	1.45
7	6	2.285
40	-	12.19
100	6	30.63
120	-	36.575
SQ FT		SQ M
83		7.7
177		16.4
183		17
828		76.9

Balconies are limited to a height of 7'6" and are included in the Lots

[Signature]
 Council Clerk.



STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 - SCHEDULE 2

SCHEDULE 2 – By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not--

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

5 Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation.

Note : This by-law is subject to [sections 109](#) and [110](#) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.

(2) An approval given by the owners corporation under [clause](#) (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing--

- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or

(b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or

(c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 106 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

14 Floor coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot--

(a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and

(b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and

(c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and

(d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and

(e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and

(f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

16 Keeping of animals

(1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

17 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

Note : This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

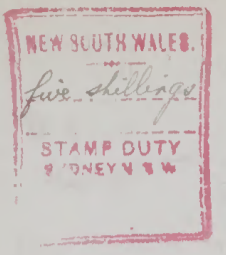
19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

No. 1910/1581

State of New South Wales.

[LAND GRANT.] B



REGISTER BOOK, 2061 VOL. 191 FOL. CANCELLED W.R.

Grant of Land Sold at Upset Price after attempted Sale by Auction.



GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India:—

TO ALL to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:—

WHEREAS the land hereinafter described was on the fourteenth day of September one thousand and four offered for Sale by public auction at Sydney in Our late Colony of New South Wales, but the same was not sold And WHEREAS on the fourth day of March one thousand and nine Minnie Lee the wife of Alfred Lee of Bondi near Sydney aforesaid Merchant applied under the provisions of Section 56 of the Crown Lands Act of 1895 to purchase the said land at the upset price thereof Now Know Ye That for and in consideration of the sum of forty pounds Sterling being the said upset price thereof well and truly paid into the Treasury of Our said State before these Presents are issued WE HAVE GRANTED and for Us Our Heirs and Successors DO HEREBY GRANT unto the said Minnie Lee

her Heirs and Assigns subject to the several and respective Provisions Reservations and Conditions hereinafter mentioned ALL THAT Allotment or Parcel of Land in Our said State containing by admeasurement one rood fifteen perches and one half of a perch be the same more or less situated in the County of Cumberland Parish of Alexandria St Marys near Sydney

Portion 710

Commencing at a point where the North Western building line of Simpson Street meets a South Western building line of Francis Street and bounded thence on the South East by that building line of Simpson Street bearing South twenty eight degrees forty seven minutes thirty seconds West three chains fifty five links on the West by part of the Eastern boundary of portion three hundred and twenty four of the said acres two roods bearing North twenty four minutes East four chains ten links to the aforesaid building line of Francis Street aforesaid and on the North East by that building line of Francis Street bearing South fifty nine degrees fifty minutes East one chain twenty five links to the point of commencement.



Scale 2 Chains to an Inch.

As per plan in the margin hereof with all the Rights and Appurtenances whatsoever thereto belonging To Hold unto the said

Minnie Lee her Heirs and Assigns for ever **Provided Nevertheless AND WE DO HEREBY RESERVE UNTO US Our Heirs and Successors and to the Governor for the time being of Our said State by such Person or Persons as shall be by Them or Him authorized in that behalf full power to make and conduct through the said Land all common or Public Drains and Sewers which may be deemed expedient AND WE DO HEREBY FURTHER RESERVE UNTO US Our Heirs and Successors all Minerals which may be contained in and under the said Land together with full power and authority for Us Our Heirs and Successors and such person or persons as may from time to time be authorized by Us Our Heirs and Successors or by the Minister for Mines or other Minister for the time being charged with the administration of the Acts in force for the Regulation of Mining within Our said State to enter upon the said Land and to search for mine dig and remove the said Minerals or any of them with full right of ingress egress and regress for all the purposes aforesaid **Provided Also AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED** that this Our Grant is made upon and subject to the Provision that if at any time the said Land hereinbefore described shall be found to contain any Minerals as defined in the Act or Acts in force for the Regulation of Mining in Our said State the Governor for the time being may thereupon cancel wholly or in part the Grant of the said Land upon the terms and in the manner as provided in the said Act or Acts AND upon notification of such cancellation the said Land or so much thereof as may be included in such notification shall thereupon revert to Us Our Heirs and Successors and this Our Grant shall to the extent aforesaid cease to operate or to have effect **In Testimony Whereof** We have caused this Our Grant to be Sealed with the Seal of Our said State.**

WITNESS Our Right Trusty and Well-beloved FREDERIC JOHN NAPIER, BARON CHELMSFORD, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Our Governor of Our State of New South Wales and its Dependencies, in the Commonwealth of Australia, at Sydney, in Our said State, this fourteenth day of May in the first year of Our Reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and ten.

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

Governor.

RECORDED and ENROLLED in the Registrar General's Office, at Sydney, in New South

Wales, this 15th day of June 1960.

J. Pearce
Deputy Registrar General.

No. B 235888 TRANSFER dated 29th June 1925
from the said Minnie Lee to Arthur William
Stevy of part of ptn 710.

Produced 10th July 1925 of the land within described
and entered 28th August 1925
at 11 o'clock in the fore noon.

Cancelled & Certificate
of Title issued
Vol. 3771 Fol. 50

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 781137 CAVEAT dated 2nd May 1939
by the Registrar General.
Produced 2nd May 1939 and
entered 2nd June 1939
at 12 o'clock in the noon.

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 580862 DEDICATION. The land shown by pink
color in the plan hereon has been dedicated as a Highway.
Produced 27th September 1937 and entered 5th October 1937
at 4 o'clock in the after noon.

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 824349 TRANSFER dated 1st August 1939
from the said Winifred Murrell Lee to Albert Ernest
Williams and Ethel Susannah Lamb Williams
joint tenants of part of lots 2 and 3 D.P. 14694
of the land within described
Produced 31st August 1939 and entered 5th October 1939
at 11 o'clock in the fore noon.

As to land in this transfer
this grant is cancelled
and new Certificate issued
Vol. 5087 Fol. 34

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 594660 TRANSFER dated 21st October 1937
from the said Minnie Lee to Charles Amos Baker
of Lot 4 D.P. 14694

Produced 9th November 1937 and
entered 29th November 1937
at 10 o'clock in the fore noon.

As to land in this transfer
this certificate is cancelled
and new Certificate issued
Vol. 4891 Fol. 199

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 613848 TRANSFER dated 26th October 1937
from the said Minnie Lee to George Henry Rodas of part
(Subject to covenant)

Produced 6th January 1938 and
entered 15th February 1938
at 12 o'clock in the noon.

As to land in this transfer
this Grant is cancelled
and new Certificate issued
Vol. 4912 Fol. 224

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 624878 TRANSFER dated 10th February 1938
from the said Minnie Lee to Frank Gregory Murray and
Thomas Murray as joint tenants of Lot 7 D.P. 14694
(subject to covenant)

Produced 11th February 1938 and
entered 14th March 1938
at 12 o'clock in the noon.

As to land in this transfer
this grant is cancelled
and new Certificate issued
Vol. 4971 Fol. 92

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 647933 TRANSFER dated 5th April 1938
from the said Minnie Lee to Joseph Mansour-Nahra
of Lot 1, D.P. 14694 (Subject to covenant)

Produced 19th April 1938 and entered 20th June 1938
at 2 o'clock in the after noon.

As to land in this transfer
this grant is cancelled
and new Certificate issued
Vol. 4944 Fol. 169

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

No. C 781136 APPLICATION BY TRANSMISSION
Winifred Murrell Lee of Bands Spinner

is now the registered
Proprietor of the Land within described in pursuance of the above
Application Produced 2nd May 1939 and
entered 2nd June 1939
at 12 o'clock in the noon.

R. W. Miles
REGISTRAR GENERAL.

30

Declar

624878

30

624878
647933
781136
5769

C 524349 (sub 213) R.
C 781136
C 613848
C 624878
C 594660
C 580862
C 4912
C 4891
C 5087
C 781137



P. 13.

with Estates.

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER

IN THE PROPERTY ACT, 1900

329103 U

329103 U

C613848

Fees:—
Lodgment ... 1-5-0
Endorsement ...
Certificate ... 2-10-0

(Trusts must not be disclosed in the transfer.)

If a less estate, or a less interest in the land, is intended, the certificate must be so expressed as to require alteration.

If to two or more, state whether as joint tenants or tenants in common.

If all the references cannot be conveniently inserted, a form of annexure (obtainable at L.T.O.) may be added. Any annexure must be signed by the parties and their signatures witnessed. These references will suffice if the whole land in the grant, or certificate be transferred, or if part only added, and the land being the land described in the plan annexed, or if the land is certificate for registered Vol.

Where the consent of the local council is required to a subdivision the certificate and plan mentioned in the L.G. Act, 1919, should accompany the transfer. Strike out if unnecessary. Covenants should comply with Section 38 of the Conveyancing Act, 1919. Here also should be set forth any right-of-way or easement or exception. Any provision in addition to or modification of the covenants implied by the Act may also be inserted.

very short note on reverse.

If executed within the State this instrument should be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General, or Deputy Registrar-General, or Notary Public, a J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits to whom the Transferor is known, otherwise the attesting witnesses must appear before one of the said officers to make a declaration in the annexed form. As to instruments executed elsewhere, see page 2.

Repeat attestation if necessary.

If the Transferor or Transferee signs by a mark, the attestation must state that the instrument was read over and explained to him, and that he appeared fully to understand the same.

If signed by virtue of any power of attorney, the original power must be registered, and produced with each dealing, and the Memorandum of non-revocation on page 2 signed by the attorney before a witness.

NOTE.—Section 217 requires that the above Certificate be signed by Transferor or his Solicitor, and neither any person jointly or negligently certifying thereto to a penalty of £50; also to damages recoverable by parties injured. If the Solicitor signs he must sign his own name and not that of his firm. No alterations should be made by erasure. The words rejected should be scored through with the pen, and those substituted written over them, the alteration being verified by signature or initials in the margin, or noticed in the attestation.

WE MINNIE LEE of Bondi in the State of New South Wales widow formerly the wife of Alfred Lee of Bondi Merchant now deceased) as to the land hereinafter firstly described and PERPETUAL TRUSTEE COMPANY (Limited) as to the land hereinafter secondly described— (herein called transferor's)

being registered as the proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land hereinafter described, subject however, to such encumbrances, liens and interests as are notified hereunder in consideration of the sum of seven hundred and thirty pounds fourteen shillings and two pence (£730-14-2) (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) paid to me the said Minnie Lee and in consideration of the sum of three hundred and nine pounds five shillings and ten pence (£309-5-10) (the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged) paid to the said Perpetual Trustee Company (Limited) by GEORGE HENRY ROWLES of Bondi Builder— (herein called transferee)

do hereby transfer to the said transferee ALL such our Estate and Interest in ALL the land mentioned in the schedule following:—

(a)	County.	Parish.	State if Whole or Part.	Vol.	Fol.
(1)	CUMBERLAND	ALEXANDRIA	Part being part of Lots 5 and 6 on D.P. 14594.	2061	191
(2)	CUMBERLAND	ALEXANDRIA	Part being the Residue of Lots 5 and 6.	3808	195

And the transferor covenants with the transferee The Transferor for himself and his assigns HEREBY for the benefit of the adjoining land being Lots 3 and 7 on D.P. 14694 but only during the ownership thereof by the Transferor's their executors administrators and assigns other than Purchasers on sale COVENANTS with the Transferor's their executors administrators and assigns that no fence shall be erected on the land hereby conveyed or transferred to divide it from such adjoining land without the consent of the Transferor's their executors, administrators or assigns, but such consent shall not be withheld if such fence is erected without expense to the Transferor's their executors, administrators or assigns and in favour of any person dealing with the Transferee or his assigns, such consent shall be deemed to have been given in respect of every such fence for the time being erected. And this restriction may be released, varied or modified by the owner or owners for the time being of such adjoining land.

ENCUMBRANCES, &c. REFERRED TO:

As regards land firstly described reservations contained in Crown Grant. As regards lands secondly described reservations of mines of gold and of silver.

Signed at Sydney the fourth day of October 1937.

Signed in my presence by the transferor
MINNIE LEE
WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME
S. Matthews

Minnie Lee
Transferor

THE SEAL OF PERPETUAL TRUSTEE COMPANY (LIMITED) was hereunto affixed by Order of the Board of Directors in the presence of:

H. A. L. ...
DIRECTOR
H. A. L. ...
TRANSFEROR

Shirley Roberts
Assistant Manager

I Accepted, and I hereby certify this transfer to be correct for the purposes of the Property Act.

Signed in my presence by the transferee
WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME
H. A. L. ...
Sydney.

G. H. Rowles
Transferee

236636

T. G. ...

No. 6613818 LODGED BY N.C. Rowles, Solicitor, 92 Pitt Street, Sydney.

CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE.

I, release and discharge the land comprised in the within transfer from such mortgage and all claims thereunder but without prejudice to my rights and remedies as regards the balance of the land comprised in such mortgage.

Dated at this day of 19 .
 Signed in my presence by who is personally known to me. } Mortgagee.

MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.

(To be signed at the time of executing the within instrument.)

Memorandum whereby the undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of the Power of Attorney registered No. Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just executed the within transfer.

Signed at the day of 19 .
 Signed at the place and on the date above-mentioned, in the presence of—

FORM OF DECLARATION BY ATTESTING WITNESS.

Appeared before me at the day of one thousand nine hundred and thirty and declared that he personally knew signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested, and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said is own handwriting, and that he was of sound mind and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

- i This form is not appropriate in case of delegation by trustee.
- j Strike out unnecessary words. Add any other matter necessary to show that the power is effective.
- k May be made before either Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, or Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits. Not required if the instrument itself be made or acknowledged before one of these parties.

INDEXED
 1 FEB 1938

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER OF

Acres 35 rods 35 perches.
Lot 26 of DP 14692
Franklin St.
 Shire Waverley
 Municipality County
 Parish Transferee.
George Henry Rowles

DOCUMENTS LODGED HEREWITH.

To be filled in by person lodging dealings.

Nature	No.	Reg'd Pwr., N.P., etc.

Particulars entered in Register Book, Vol 201 Fol. 191
 " 3806 " 195

the 15 day of February 1938
 at 12 minutes 12 o'clock in the noon.



PROGRESS RECORD.

	In Use	Date
Sent to Survey Branch...	✓	1/11
Received from Records...	✓	1/11
Draft written ...	✓	10/2/38
Draft examined...	✓	10/2/38
Diagram prepared ...	✓	10/2/38
Diagram examined ...	✓	10/2/38
Draft forwarded ...	✓	10/2/38
Supt. of Engrossers ...	✓	10/2/38
Cancellation Clerk ...	✓	10/2/38
Vol. <u>2</u> 4912 Fol. <u>225</u>		
Diagram Fees ...		
Additional Folios ...		

If the parties be resident without the State, but in any other part of the British Dominions, the instrument must be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or before any Judge, Notary Public, Justice of the Peace for New South Wales, or Commissioner for taking affidavits for New South Wales, or the Mayor or Chief Officer of any municipal or local government corporation of such part, or the Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such part or such other person as the Chief Justice of New South Wales may appoint.

If resident in the United Kingdom then before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any corporation or a Notary Public.

If resident at any foreign place, then the parties should sign or acknowledge before a British Minister, Ambassador, Envoy, Minister Chargé d'Affaires, Secretary of the Embassy or Legation, Consul General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Acting-Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent, who should affix his seal of office, or the attesting witness may make a declaration of the due execution thereof before one of such persons (who should sign and affix his seal to such declaration), or such other person as the said Chief Justice may appoint.

The fees are:—Lodgment fee 12/6 (includes engrossment on first certificate), and 2/6 for each additional certificate included in the Transfer, and 1/1 for every new Certificate of Title issued, unless the consideration is over £1,000, in which case the Certificate fee will be £1 3s. Additional fees, however, may be necessary in cases involving more than a simple diagram or more than six folios of engrossing.

Tenants in common must receive separate Certificates.
 If part only of the land is transferred a new Certificate must issue, but the old Certificate may remain in the Office, or the Transferor may take out a new Certificate for the residue.

LEAVE THESE SPACES FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE

more papers for 2 days

McMaster & Co
39759
C861209

LODGED BY *McGowan Howard & Co*
129 Pitt St Sydney

CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE.

I, *McMaster & Co*, mortgagee under Mortgage No. _____, release and discharge the land comprised in the within transfer from such mortgage and all claims thereunder but without prejudice to my rights and remedies as regards the balance of the land comprised in such mortgage.

Dated at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____. } Mortgagee.
 Signed in my presence by _____ }
 who is personally known to me. }

MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCATION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.

(To be signed at the time of executing the within instrument.)

Memorandum whereby the undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of the Power of Attorney registered No. _____ Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just executed the within transfer.

Signed at _____ the _____ day of _____ 19____.

Signed at the place and on the date above-mentioned, in the presence of—

i This form is not appropriate in cases of delegation by trustees.

j Strike out unnecessary words. Add any other matter necessary to show that the power is effective.

FORM OF DECLARATION BY ATTESTING WITNESS.*

Appeared before me at _____, the _____ day of _____, one thousand _____, and declared that he personally knew _____ the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested; and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said _____ is _____ own handwriting, and that he was of sound mind and freely and voluntarily signed the same.

k May be made before either Registrar-General, Deputy Registrar-General, a Notary Public, J.P., or Commissioner for Affidavits. Not required if the instrument itself be made or acknowledged before one of these parties.

INDEXED
 9 JAN 1940
 BY _____
 CHECKED BY _____

MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER of
 Acres _____ roods _____ 17 1/2 perches.
 Lot 6 D.P. 14694 (Francis St.)

DOCUMENTS LODGED HEREWITH.
 To be filled in by person lodging dealing.

Nature.	No.	Reg'd Propr., M't'gor, etc.

LEAVE THESE SPACES FOR DEPARTMENTAL USE

Waverley
 Municipal Parish (City with a sewerage right of carriage way to _____ (height of 15 feet))
David Wronker & 3 as joint tenants
Marta Wronker Transferees

Particulars entered in Register Book, Vol 492 Fols 224 & 225

the 8th day of *January* 1940,
 at _____ minutes _____ o'clock in the fore noon.

Ray W. Miles
 Registrar-General



PROGRESS RECORD.

	Initials	Date
Sent to Survey Branch...	<i>EW</i>	<i>2/16</i>
Received from Records...	<i>J</i>	<i>2/16</i>
Draft written ...		
Draft examined...		
Diagram prepared ...		
Diagram examined ...		
Draft forwarded...		
Supt. of Engrossers ...		
Cancellation Clerk ...		
VOL.		FOL.
Diagram Fees ...		
Additional Fols ...		

If the parties be resident without the State, but in any other part of the British Dominions, the instrument must be signed or acknowledged before the Registrar-General or Recorder of Titles of such Possession, or before any Judge, Notary Public, Justice of the Peace for New South Wales, or Commissioner for taking affidavits for New South Wales, or the Mayor or Chief Officer of any municipal or local government corporation of such part, or the Governor, Government Resident, or Chief Secretary of such part or such other person as the Chief Justice of New South Wales may appoint.

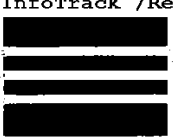
If resident in the United Kingdom then before the Mayor or Chief Officer of any corporation or a Notary Public.

If resident at any foreign place, then the parties should sign or acknowledge before a British Minister, Ambassador, Envoy, Minister Chargé d'Affaires, Secretary of the Embassy or Legation, Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Acting-Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent, who should affix his seal of office, or the attesting witness may make a declaration of the due execution thereof before one of such persons (who should sign and affix his seal to such declaration), or such other person as the said Chief Justice may appoint.

The fees are:—Lodgment fee 12/6 (includes endorsement on first certificate), and 2/6 for each additional certificate included in the Transfer, and £1 for every new Certificate of Title issuing upon a Transfer on sale for a consideration of not more than £1,000, and £1 5s. for a new Certificate of Title in every other case. Additional fees, however, may be necessary in cases involving more than a simple diagram or more than six folios of engrossing.

Tenants in common must receive separate Certificates.

If part only of the land is transferred a new Certificate must issue, but the old Certificate may remain in the Office, or the Transferor may take out a new Certificate for the residue.



B



2
207315

**APPLICATION FOR
NEW CERTIFICATE OF TITLE**
SECTION III, REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900
(See Instructions for Completion on back of form)

PV	CA	1	of	1				
					\$	47		Rili

DESCRIPTION OF LAND IN MISSING INSTRUMENT
Note (a)

Torrens Title Reference	Location
Vol. 8505 Fol. 194 Now Folio Identifier CP/SP1944	At Waverley

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR
Note (b)

THE PROPRIETORS - STRATA PLAN NO. 1944	OFFICE USE ONLY N
--	----------------------

Note (c)

is the registered proprietor of the land above described. The undermentioned applicant hereby applies for the issue of a new Certificate of Title in consequence of the Crown Grant or Certificate of Title for that land having been lost, mislaid or destroyed.
The name, address and occupation or description of the registered proprietor is now

Note (d)

THE PROPRIETORS - STRATA PLAN NO. 1944	OFFICE USE ONLY ON BE
--	--------------------------

EVIDENCE
Note (e)

In support of this application the following documents are lodged herewith:

- Statutory declaration by the applicant stating:
 - details of the loss or destruction of the said instrument;
 - particulars of all easements or encumbrances affecting the said land;
 - the name of each person in possession of the land and the nature of the tenancy;
 - that the missing instrument has not been lodged with any person or corporation as security for a loan or for any purpose whatsoever;
 - that the applicant has never been bankrupt or insolvent and has not assigned his estate for the benefit of creditors.

2. Statutory declaration by **Betty Rose McInerney** corroborating the evidence as to loss &c.

3. The Municipal or Shire Rate Notice Form relating to the said land together with a statutory declaration identifying the land in the notice with the above-mentioned land.

4.

DATE OF APPLICATION 20-8-90

I hereby certify this application to be correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act, 1900.

Signed in my presence by the applicant who is personally known to me

The Common Seal of the Proprietors of
Strata Plan No. 1944 was hereunto affixed
on 20th August, 1990 in the presence of
Name of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

Keith Noble being the person authorised
by Section 55 of the Strata Titles Act,
Address and occupation of Witness
1973, to attest the affixing of the seal:



Keith Noble
Signature of Applicant

EXECUTION
Note (f)

0182

TO BE COMPLETED BY LODGING PARTY
Notes (g) and (h)

LODGED BY MORTON SMITH & CO. SOLICITORS 27 MARTIN PLACE, SYDNEY D.X. 119. PHONE: 232-8833 Delivery Box 646W Delivery Box Number		DOCUMENTS LODGED			
Extra Fee	Checked by EB19 46	1. New C.T. to issue 2. New C.T. NOT to issue			
		7 SEP 1990			CT 646W
OFFICE USE ONLY <i>SA</i>		Legal Officer			



This legislation has been repealed.

STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973 - SCHEDULE 4

SCHEDULE 4 – Transitional and savings provisions

(Section 160)

Part 1A - General

1 Regulations

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of any Act that amends this Act.
- (2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.
- (3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the provision does not operate so as:
 - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

Part 1 - Provisions relating to repeal of the former Act

1 Definitions

- (1) In this Schedule, except in so far as the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires:

"**appointed day**" means the day appointed and notified under section 2.

"**former Act**" means the *Conveyancing (Strata Titles) Act 1961* .

"**former by-law**" means a by-law within the meaning of the former Act as that by-law was in force immediately before the appointed day.

"**former common property**" means so much of a former parcel as, immediately before the appointed day, was not comprised in any former lot.

"**former lot**" means a lot under the former Act as it existed immediately before the appointed day.

"**former parcel**" means land which, immediately before the appointed day, comprised the former lots and the former common property the subject of a former strata scheme.

"**former proprietor**" means a person who, immediately before the appointed day, was a proprietor, within the meaning of the former Act, of a former lot.

"**former strata scheme**" means:

(a) the manner of division, immediately before the appointed day, of a former parcel into former lots or into former lots and former common property and the manner of allocation, immediately before that day, of unit entitlements under the former Act among the former lots, and

(b) the rights and obligations, between themselves, immediately before the appointed day, of former proprietors, other persons having property interests in or occupying former lots and the body corporate,

as conferred or imposed by the former Act or by anything done under the authority of the former Act or the Real Property Act 1900.

(2) For the purposes of the application of any provision of this Act to or in respect of a scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6:

(a) the initial period in relation to the body corporate for that scheme shall be deemed to have expired if on the appointed day the original proprietor within the meaning of paragraph (c) is not the proprietor of any lots the subject of that scheme or is the proprietor of lots the subject of that scheme the sum of whose unit entitlements is less than two-thirds of the aggregate unit entitlement,

(b) except where the initial period in relation to the body corporate for that scheme has, under paragraph (a), expired, a reference to the initial period in relation to that body corporate is a reference to the period commencing on the appointed day and ending on the day on which there are proprietors of lots the subject of that scheme (other than the original proprietor within the meaning of paragraph (c)) the sum of whose unit entitlements is at least one-third of the aggregate unit entitlement, and

(c) a reference to an original proprietor, in relation to that scheme, is a reference to the person by whom the parcel (being the parcel comprised in the strata plan, within the meaning of the former Act, the registration of which under the former Act initiated the scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6) was held in fee simple or under a perpetual lease from the Crown at the time of that registration.

(3) The express application of any provision of this Act (whether unamended or deemed to be amended) by any provision of this Schedule to or in respect of any act, matter or thing referred to in this Schedule shall not, except in so far as a contrary intention appears, be construed as preventing or limiting the application of any other provision of this Act to that or any other act, matter or thing.

(4) Where any provision of this Act is deemed to be amended by this Schedule by inserting in that provision any words, those words shall be construed as if they were contained in this Schedule.

2 Registration of unregistered former strata plans

(1) Notwithstanding section 8 or 9, a strata plan, or a strata plan of resubdivision, within the meaning of the former Act, may be registered as a strata plan or as a strata plan of subdivision, as the case may be, but shall not be so registered unless:

(a) it illustrates a division of a building into different parts,

(b) the requirements of the former Act have been or are complied with in so far as those requirements relate to the registration of a strata plan, or a strata plan of resubdivision, as the case may be, and

(c) except in the case of such a strata plan of resubdivision, the certificate referred to in section 4 (3) (b) of the former Act states that the approval given under Part 11 of the Local Government Act 1919 by the local council to the erection of that building was given not earlier than two years before the appointed day.

(2) Without limiting the generality of subclause (1) (b), for the purpose of enabling a person to comply, as referred to in subclause (1) (b), with the requirements of the former Act, the provisions of section 20 (subsection (4) (a), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) excepted) of the former Act apply to and in respect of an application for a certificate referred to in section 4 (3) (b) of the former Act relating to the proposed

subdivision illustrated by a strata plan or strata plan of resubdivision referred to in subclause (1), as if the former Act had not been repealed.

(3) Where a plan is registered under subclause (1), the land comprised in the plan shall be deemed to have been subdivided under this Act into lots or into lots and common property in the same manner as that land would have been subdivided if that plan had been registered under the former Act, except that:

(a) where a boundary of any such lot would, if that plan had been validly registered under the former Act, have been, under section 4 (2) of the former Act, the centre of a floor, wall or ceiling, that boundary shall upon the registration of the plan and until it is altered in accordance with this Act be the upper surface of that floor, the inner surface of that wall or the under surface of that ceiling, as the case may be, and

(b) where a boundary of any lot is adjusted under paragraph (a), the boundaries of the common property are adjusted reciprocally,

and any such lots or common property shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be lots or common property, or to be lots or common property with boundaries adjusted as referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), as the case may be.

(4) A lot created by the registration of a plan under subclause (1) does not include any structural cubic space unless that structural cubic space was stipulated in that plan as forming part of that lot.

(5) For the purposes of the registration of a plan under subclause (1), the reference in:

(a) section 10 (1) to a plan illustrating a proposed subdivision referred to in section 5 (7) (a) shall be construed as a reference to a strata plan of resubdivision within the meaning of section 20 (4) of the former Act,

(b) section 10 (2) and (3) to subsection (1) shall be construed as a reference to subsection (1) construed in accordance with paragraph (a),

(c) section 38 (2) (a) to a certificate of approval under section 37 (1) (3) or (4) shall be construed as a reference to a certificate issued under section 20 (2) of the former Act,

(d) section 39 (1) to any certificate of approval issued under section 37 shall be construed as a reference to any certificate issued under section 20 (2) of the former Act, and

(e) section 39 (2), (3) and (4) to subsection (1) shall be construed as a reference to section 39 (1) construed in accordance with paragraph (d).

(6) Where, under any provision of this Act, any act, matter or thing depends on or results from (either directly or indirectly) the registration of a strata plan, that provision operates in relation to the registration of a plan under subclause (1) in the same way as it operates in relation to the registration of a strata plan.

(7) Subject to this clause, a reference in this Act to a strata plan or a strata plan of subdivision includes a reference to a plan registered under subclause (1) as a strata plan or a strata plan of subdivision, as the case may be.

(8) The address endorsed, as referred to in section 4 (1) (g) of the former Act, upon a plan registered under subclause (1) shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the address for the service of notices on the body corporate concerned until that address is altered in accordance with this Act.

(9) The schedule endorsed, as referred to in section 18 of the former Act, upon a plan (not being a strata plan of resubdivision within the meaning of section 20 (4) of the former Act) registered under subclause (1) shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the schedule referred to in section 8 (1) (d).

(10) Section 41 (5) does not apply to or in respect of the registration of a plan under subclause (1).

(11) A reference to a lot shown in a plan capable of being registered under subclause (1) made in any instrument executed before the registration of that plan under subclause (1) (being an instrument relating to the sale or other disposition of an estate or interest in the lot so shown) shall, on and after the registration of that plan, be construed as a reference to the lot which corresponds to the lot so shown.

3 Former lots and former common property to be derived lots and derived common property.

(1) Where immediately before the appointed day:

(a) a former lot had any boundary that under section 4 (2) of the former Act was the centre of a floor, wall or ceiling, that former lot, on the appointed day, becomes for the purposes of this Schedule a derived lot corresponding to that former lot and having, subject to subclause (2), as its boundaries:

(i) instead of any boundary that was the centre of a floor, wall or ceiling, the upper surface of that floor, the inner surface of that wall or the under surface of that ceiling, as the case may be, and

(ii) except as provided by subparagraph (i), the same boundaries as that former lot, and

(b) a former lot had no boundary that under section 4 (2) of the former Act was the centre of a floor, wall or ceiling, that former lot, on the appointed day, becomes for the purposes of this Schedule a derived lot corresponding to that former lot and having as its boundaries the same boundaries as that former lot.

(2) A derived lot does not include any structural cubic space unless that structural cubic space was stipulated, in the relevant strata plan or strata plan of resubdivision, as forming part of the former lot to which that derived lot corresponds.

(3) On the appointed day, former common property becomes, for the purposes of this Schedule, derived common property corresponding to that former common property but has as its boundaries:

(a) where any derived lot has any of its boundaries ascertained in accordance with subclause (1) (a) (i) or (b), boundaries adjusted reciprocally, and

(b) except as provided by paragraph (a), the same boundaries as that former common property.

(4) A reference to a former lot made in any instrument executed before the appointed day (being an instrument relating to the sale or other disposition of an estate or interest in that former lot) shall, on and after that day, be construed as a reference to the derived lot which corresponds to that former lot.

4 Continuation of bodies corporate

A body corporate, constituted under the former Act, in relation to a former strata scheme:

(a) shall continue notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act,

(b) shall, on the appointed day, be deemed to be the body corporate constituted under section 54 (1) in respect of the scheme that corresponds to that former strata scheme and to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6, and

(c) notwithstanding section 54 (1), shall have as its corporate name its corporate name under the former Act.

5 Continuation of estates or interests in former lots and former common property and rights in former common property.

A person who, immediately before the appointed day:

(a) had an estate or interest in a former lot, has on that day the same estate or interest in the derived lot which corresponds to that former lot, or

(b) had an estate or interest (not being a right or special privilege referred to in clause 15) in former common property, has, subject to clause 7 (1), on that day the same estate or interest in the derived common property which corresponds to that former common property.

6 Application of Act to former strata schemes, former parcels, derived lots and derived common property.

Subject to this Schedule, the provisions of this Act shall, on and from the appointed day, apply to and in respect of:

- (a) a former strata scheme as if it were a strata scheme,
- (b) a former parcel as if it were a parcel,
- (c) a derived lot as if it were a lot, and
- (d) derived common property as if it were common property.

7 Vesting of derived common property in body corporate

(1) On the appointed day, derived common property is divested from the former proprietors by whom it was, immediately before that day, held as referred to in section 9 (1) of the former Act and, subject to section 20, vests in the body corporate for the estate or interest therein of those former proprietors evidenced by the Register immediately before that day.

(2) The Registrar-General shall, on the appointed day, issue in the name of any body corporate in which any derived common property vests under subsection (1) a certificate of title for that derived common property.

(3) For the purpose only of the making of the recordings referred to in section 23 (2) on a certificate of title issued under subclause (2), section 23 (2) shall be construed as if the reference in:

(a) section 23 (2) (b) to the address for service of notices on the body corporate were a reference to such an address shown on the strata plan, within the meaning of the former Act, upon the registration, under the former Act, of which the body corporate concerned was constituted or on a later or the latest amendment of that strata plan,

(b) section 23 (2) (c) to the schedule of unit entitlement in force in respect of the strata scheme concerned were, subject to subclauses (4) and (5), a reference to a schedule specifying the respective unit entitlements of the lots the subject of the strata scheme concerned, being the unit entitlements as in force under the former Act immediately before the appointed day, and

(c) section 23 (2) (d) to any easement or restriction therein referred to were a reference to any such easement or restriction noted on the strata plan referred to in paragraph (a).

(4) Before recording a schedule on a certificate of title in accordance with section 23 (2) (c) construed in accordance with subclause (3) (b), the Registrar-General, if the unit entitlement for every derived lot to be specified in the schedule is divisible by a whole number so as to produce as the quotient a whole number, may record on that certificate of title as the schedule of unit entitlement a schedule:

(a) allocating to each of those derived lots the quotient obtained by making that division in respect of each such lot, and

(b) specifying as the aggregate unit entitlement the sum of the quotients so allocated in respect of all of those derived lots.

(5) Where:

(a) under the former Act one or more former lots was or were resubdivided as referred to in section 20 (4) of the former Act, and

(b) the aggregate of the unit entitlements of the lots created by the strata plan of resubdivision which effected that resubdivision is not equal to the unit entitlement of the lot, or to the aggregate of the unit entitlements of lots, which was or were so resubdivided,

the Registrar-General, when issuing a certificate of title comprising common property the subject of the former strata scheme concerned, shall record thereon as the schedule of unit entitlement a schedule:

(c) allocating to each derived lot that corresponds to a former lot the subject of that former strata scheme a unit entitlement, expressed as a whole number, which bears to the aggregate unit entitlement the same proportion as the unit entitlement under the former Act of that former lot bore, immediately before the appointed day, to the aggregate of the unit entitlements under the

former Act of all the former lots which, immediately before that day, were the subject of that former strata scheme, and

(d) specifying as the aggregate unit entitlement the sum of the unit entitlements so allocated in respect of all of those derived lots.

(6) The address recorded on a certificate of title in accordance with section 23 (2) (b) construed in accordance with subclause (3) (a) for service of notices on a body corporate shall, for the purposes of, but subject to, this Act, be the address for service of notices on that body corporate as continued by the operation of clause 4.

(7) The schedule recorded on a certificate of title in accordance with section 23 (2) (c) construed in accordance with subclause (3) (b) or recorded on a certificate of title in accordance with subclause (4) or (5) shall, for the purposes of, but subject to, this Act, be the schedule of unit entitlement in relation to the strata scheme which corresponds to the former strata scheme concerned.

(8) The unit entitlement, as shown on the schedule referred to in subclause (7), of a derived lot shall, for the purposes of, but subject to, this Act be the unit entitlement of that derived lot.

(9) Section 49 (3) does not apply where the Registrar-General records a schedule of unit entitlement under this clause on a folio of the Register comprising common property unless the recording was made in accordance with subclause (4) or (5).

(10) The certificate of title and the folio of the Register for a former lot shall respectively be deemed to be the certificate of title and the folio of the Register for the derived lot corresponding to that former lot and any recording made on that certificate of title or folio in relation to the derived common property shall, for the purposes of section 42 (a) of the Real Property Act 1900, be deemed to be excluded therefrom.

(11) The partial cancellation of a certificate of title for a derived lot made for the purpose of excluding the recording referred to in subclause (10) shall be deemed not to be a partial cancellation of that certificate of title for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900.

8 Modification of section 22 in relation to former strata schemes

Section 22 applies to and in respect of a scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6 but, for the purposes only of that application, shall be deemed to be amended:

(a) by omitting from subsection (1) the words "no part of a parcel is common property the Registrar-General shall, upon registration of a strata plan" and by inserting instead the words "immediately before the appointed day no part of a former parcel was common property, the Registrar-General shall, upon that day",

(b) by omitting from subsection (1) (b) the word "plan" and by inserting instead the word "scheme",

(c) by omitting from subsection (2) the words "the registration of a strata plan" and by inserting instead the words "the appointed day",

(d) by omitting from subsection (2) (a) the words "section 18 (2) or subsection (5), as the case may be" and by inserting instead the words "clause 7 (2) of Schedule 4", and

(e) by inserting in subsections (3) and (4) after the matter "(1)" wherever occurring the words ", as deemed to be amended by clause 8 (a) and (b) of Schedule 4,".

9 Modification of section 23 (3) in relation to former lots

Section 23 (3) shall apply to and in respect of a certificate of title issued under clause 7 (2) but, for the purposes only of that application, shall be deemed to be amended:

(a) by omitting the word "not",

(b) by omitting the words "on the folio of the Register comprising a lot the subject of the strata scheme concerned but shall record the easement or restriction", and

(c) by omitting the words "any such lot" and by inserting instead the words "any lot the subject of the strata scheme concerned".

10 Registration of transfers or leases of derived common property registrable under section 10 of former Act

(1) Where a transfer or lease of any common property under the former Act:

(a) would under section 10 of the former Act have been registrable under the *Real Property Act 1900* had this Act not been enacted but had not, before the appointed day, been registered under that Act, and

(b) was executed pursuant to an agreement entered into by the body corporate before the appointed day,

that transfer or lease, upon its lodgment in the office of the Registrar-General, shall be dealt with under section 25 (4) as if it were a dealing referred to in section 25 (1).

(2) For the purposes of section 25 (3), a lease referred to in subclause (1) shall be deemed to have been granted under section 25 (1).

11 General meetings of certain continued bodies corporate

(1) Where, in relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, the original proprietor is not, on the appointed day, the proprietor of any lots the subject of the strata scheme or is the proprietor of lots the subject of the strata scheme the sum of whose unit entitlements is less than two-thirds of the aggregate unit entitlement and:

(a) a general meeting of that body corporate has not been held before the appointed day, a general meeting of that body corporate shall be held within three months after the appointed day, and that general meeting shall, for the purposes of this Act (section 57 (4) excepted) be the first annual general meeting of the body corporate, or

(b) a general meeting of that body corporate has been held before the appointed day, the last general meeting of that body corporate held before that day shall, for the purposes of clause 1 (1) of Part 1 of Schedule 2, be deemed to have been the first annual general meeting.

(2) If a meeting of the body corporate is not held in accordance with subclause (1) (a), the Commissioner may, pursuant to an application by a proprietor or mortgagee of a lot appoint, by order, a person to convene a general meeting within such time as may be specified in the order and the meeting convened by that person shall for the purposes of this Act (section 57 (4) excepted) be the first annual general meeting of the body corporate.

(3) An order made under subclause (2) may include such ancillary or consequential provisions as the Commissioner thinks fit.

(4) The agenda for a meeting convened under subclause (1) (a) or subclause (2) shall be the agenda specified in section 57 (2).

(5) The original proprietor shall not fail or neglect to deliver to the body corporate (being a body corporate a general meeting of which is required to be held under subclause (1) (a)), within fourteen days after notice in writing is given to him by the body corporate or if the documents referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) are not then in his possession within fourteen days after they come into his possession or under his control:

(a) any plan, specification, certificate (other than a certificate of title for a lot), diagram or other document (including any policy of insurance) obtained or received by him and relating to the parcel or building, and

(b) any book of account, notice or other record relating to the strata scheme,

other than any such document which exclusively evidences rights or obligations of the original proprietor and which is not capable of being used for the benefit of the body corporate or any of the proprietors, other than the original proprietor.

(6) Section 70 (1) (b) (iii) shall be deemed to be amended by inserting after the matter "section 57 (4)" the matter "or under clause 11 (5) of Schedule 4".

12 Meetings of former bodies corporate held within two months after appointed day

Notwithstanding section 57 (5), for the purposes of any general meeting of a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, being a general meeting held before the expiration of two months after the appointed day:

(a) the procedure for the convening and holding of meetings of such a body corporate and the rights of persons to vote at and to requisition meetings of such a body corporate shall be the same as they were under the former Act, and

(b) where a notice is given to the body corporate under section 81 (3), (5) or (6), the mortgagee specified in the notice shall have the same voting rights as he would have had if the meeting had been held in accordance with the former Act and if the notice were a notice given under section 26 (2) of the former Act.

13 Notices served by public authority or local council before the appointed day

The reference in section 60 to a notice served on the proprietor of a lot by a public authority or local council includes a reference to a notice served, before the appointed day, by such an authority or council on the proprietor of a former lot which has become a derived lot.

14 Effect of former by-laws

(1) Subject to this clause, the former by-laws relating to a former strata scheme shall, notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, continue in force in respect of the corresponding scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6 except to the extent of any inconsistency of the former by-laws with any provision of this Act except Schedule 1.

(2) Until the expiration of a period of three months after the appointed day the former by-laws relating to a former strata scheme may be added to, amended or repealed in the manner provided by the former Act, and any such addition, amendment or repeal shall, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, have force and effect upon a notification thereof, in the form prescribed under the former Act, being recorded on the relevant strata plan registered under the former Act.

(3) Upon the expiration of a period of three months after the appointed day:

(a) any by-laws continued in force by subclause (1) or any by-laws so continued in force, as added to, amended or repealed in accordance with subclause (2), shall cease to have any force or effect, and

(b) the by-laws set forth in Schedule 1 and any by-laws, made in accordance with subclause (4), amending, adding to or repealing:

(i) the by-laws set forth in Schedule 1, or

(ii) any by-laws made under that subclause,

shall, subject to subclause (5), be the by-laws in force in respect of the strata scheme concerned.

(4) During the period commencing two months after the appointed day and ending three months after that day a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 may, in the manner provided by section 58, make by-laws amending, adding to or repealing the by-laws set forth in Schedule 1 or any by-laws made under this subclause.

(5) An amendment of, addition to or repeal of the by-laws in accordance with subclause (4) has no force or effect until:

(a) the expiration of the period of three months after the appointed day, or

(b) the Registrar-General has, pursuant to a notification in the prescribed form lodged in his office by the body corporate in accordance with section 58 (3), recorded the notification on the folio of the Register comprising the common property,

whichever occurs the later.

(6) Nothing in this clause affects the operation, after the expiration of the period of three months after the appointed day, of section 58 in relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4.

15 Maintenance of exclusive use etc of, and special privileges in respect of, common property

(1) Where immediately before the appointed day a proprietor of a former lot was entitled, whether pursuant to a resolution of the body corporate under the former Act or pursuant to a former by-law, to a right of exclusive use and enjoyment of, or special privileges in respect of, any of the former common property, the proprietor for the time being of the derived lot that corresponds to that former lot may at any time after that day serve notice on that body corporate, as continued by the operation of clause 4, requiring it to make a by-law, in terms specified in the notice, confirming that right or those special privileges and indicating the method by which the by-law may be amended, added to or repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding section 58, the body corporate may make a by-law referred to in subclause (1) otherwise than pursuant to a special resolution or a unanimous resolution.

(3) Where the body corporate on which a requisition has been served under subclause (1):

(a) fails to make a by-law (being a by-law adding to the by-laws set forth in Schedule 1) in accordance with the requisition:

(i) if the requisition was served on the body corporate within two months after the appointed day--before the expiration of three months after the appointed day, or

(ii) if the requisition was served on the body corporate after the expiration of two months after the appointed day--within one month after the service of the requisition, or

(b) having made such a by-law and having been tendered the prescribed fee, does not cause the by-law to be recorded in accordance with section 58 (3) within a reasonable time,

the proprietor who made the requisition may make an application to the Commissioner for an order to be made by the Residential Tribunal under subclause (5).

(4) The provisions of Part 5 apply to an application made under subclause (3) in the same way as they apply to an application for an order made under that Part and required to be referred by the Commissioner to the Residential Tribunal.

(5) Where, pursuant to an application by a proprietor under subclause (3), the Residential Tribunal is of the opinion that the applicant or a predecessor in title to the lot of which the applicant is proprietor was, immediately before the appointed day, entitled to a right or to special privileges of the nature referred to in subclause (1), the Residential Tribunal may, having regard to the interests of other persons having an estate or interest in lots the subject of the strata scheme concerned, the extent to which the right or special privileges referred to in the application has or have been exercised or apparent since the appointed day and the justice and merits of the case, order that the applicant is entitled to such rights or special privileges of that nature as may be specified in the order and in that order shall specify the method by which the by-law, giving effect, by virtue of subclause (7), to the terms of the order, may be amended, added to or repealed.

(6) The provisions of:

(a) section 130 (subsection (2) (b) and (c) excepted) apply to and in respect of an order under subclause (5) in the same way as they apply to an order under Division 4 of Part 5 (section 117 excepted), and

(b) section 141 (subsections (3) and (4) excepted) apply to the recording of an order under subclause (5) in the same way as they apply to the recording of an order referred to in that section.

(7) An order under subclause (5), when recorded under section 141, has effect, subject to any order with respect thereto made by a superior court, as if its terms were a by-law.

(8) Notwithstanding section 58, a by-law:

(a) made pursuant to a requisition under subclause (1), or

(b) giving effect, by virtue of subclause (7), to the terms of an order under subclause (5),

may be amended, added to or repealed in such manner as may be specified in that by-law.

(9) A by-law:

(a) made under subclause (1), or

(b) giving effect, by virtue of subclause (7), to the terms of an order under subclause (5),

being a by-law expressed to be for the benefit of a specified derived lot, shall while it remains in force enure as appurtenant to, and for the benefit of, that lot.

(10) Subject to subclause (8), a by-law:

(a) made under subclause (1), or

(b) giving effect, by virtue of subclause (7), to the terms of an order under subclause (5),

shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to be a by-law referred to in section 58 (7).

16 Recovery of contributions levied under former Act

(1) Any contribution levied under the former Act by a body corporate and unpaid at the appointed day may be recovered by the body corporate, and as on and from the appointed day bears interest, as if it were a contribution levied under this Act.

(2) Any determination made under the former Act by a body corporate specifying amounts to be raised by regular periodic contributions shall be deemed to be a determination made under section 68 (1) (j) of the kind referred to in section 68 (4).

17 Modification of section 68 (1) (e) in relation to continued bodies corporate

In relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, section 68 (1) (e) shall be deemed to be amended by inserting after the matter "Division 5" the words ", as notified by clause 25 of Schedule 4".

18 Inspection of former records etc

(1) A body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 shall, for the purposes of the strata scheme concerned, cause to be retained, until the expiration of the prescribed period, any records, minutes of meetings, notices and books of account kept or received by it before the appointed day and in its custody or under its control on that day and upon application under section 70 (1) made in respect of a lot the subject of the strata scheme concerned shall make those records, minutes, notices and books available for inspection by the applicant or his agent at a time and place ascertained in accordance with section 70 (1) (b).

(2) Section 70 (2) applies to the making of an inspection referred to in subclause (1) in the same way as it applies to the making of an inspection referred to in section 70 (1) (b).

19 Administrative and sinking funds of continued bodies corporate

(1) Where a determination made under section 15 (2) (b) of the former Act by a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 was in force immediately before the appointed day, that determination shall be deemed to be the determination required under section 68 (1) (j) to be made by that body corporate.

(2) Where a fund was, immediately before the appointed day, kept under section 15 (2) (a) of the former Act by a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 that fund shall, on the appointed day, be deemed to be the fund required under section 68 (1) (l) to be established by that body corporate.

(3) In relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 which had not, before the appointed day, made a determination under section 15 (2) (b) of the former Act:

(a) section 68 (1) (j) shall be deemed to be amended by omitting the words "seven days after the constitution of the body corporate" and by inserting instead the words "three months after the appointed day", and

(b) section 68 (1) (l) shall be deemed to be amended by inserting after the matter "paragraph (j)" the words ", as deemed to be amended by clause 19 (3) (a) of Schedule 4".

(4) In relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 which had, before the appointed day, made a determination under section 15 (2) (b) of the former Act but had not before that day established a fund under section 15 (2) (a) of the former Act, section 68 (1) (l) shall be deemed to be amended by omitting the words "upon determining the amounts referred to in paragraph (j)" and by inserting instead the words "upon receiving any amounts raised pursuant to a determination referred to in clause 19 (1) of Schedule 4".

(5) In relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4:

(a) section 68 (1) (k) shall be deemed to be amended by omitting the words "one month after the constitution of the council or one year after the constitution of the body corporate, whichever first happens" and by inserting instead the words "three months after the appointed day",

(b) section 68 (1) (m) shall be deemed to be amended by inserting after the matter "paragraph (k)" the words ", as deemed to be amended by clause 19 (5) (a) of Schedule 4".

(6) Until a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 establishes its sinking fund:

(a) it may disburse the moneys in its administrative fund for the purpose of meeting its liabilities referred to in section 68 (1) (j) or (k), and

(b) section 68 (2) does not apply to that body corporate.

(7) Upon the establishment of its sinking fund a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 shall:

(a) determine what part of its administrative fund should be allocated for the purpose of meeting its actual or expected liabilities referred to in section 68 (1) (k), and

(b) notwithstanding section 68 (2), transfer the amount so determined to its sinking fund.

20 Modification of section 69 in relation to continued bodies corporate

(1) Where the initial period in relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 has not expired, the original proprietor in relation to the strata scheme concerned may give to the body corporate a notice stating that he is the original proprietor and specifying his name in full and the address for the service of notices on him.

(2) In relation to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, section 69 (3) (b) shall be deemed to be omitted and the following paragraph inserted instead:

(b) the name of, and address for the service of notices on, the original proprietor, as shown in any notice given to the body corporate under clause 20 (1) of Schedule 4.

(3) Where:

(a) a body corporate believes that a person may, under subclause (1), give a notice to it, and

(b) the body corporate has not received that notice,

the body corporate may serve a notice on that person specifying the capacity in which it believes he is entitled to give the notice and requiring him:

(c) to state, within fourteen days, whether or not he is a person entitled to give a notice in that capacity, and

(d) if he is such a person, to furnish that notice.

(4) Where a body corporate has served a notice under subclause (3) on a person who it believes to be a person entitled to give a notice to the body corporate under subclause (1) and that person has not complied with the firstmentioned notice, that person is not entitled to cast a vote at any meeting of the body corporate until he has complied with the firstmentioned notice.

(5) A notice given under section 26 (2) of the former Act before the appointed day by a mortgagee to a body corporate shall, for the purpose of the making by the body corporate of a recording under section 69 (3) (c) of the name of the mortgagee of the lot specified in the notice, be deemed to be a notice given to that body corporate under section 81 (3) and for the purpose of completing the recording in the strata roll required by section 69 (3) (c):

(a) the address, if any, specified in the notice as the address of the mortgagee shall be deemed to be the address for the service of notices on the mortgagee shown in a notice given to the body corporate under section 81 (3), and

(b) any other mortgage notice which was given under section 26 (2) of the former Act before the notice firstmentioned in this clause was received by the body corporate shall, subject to any notice given to the body corporate under section 81 (3), be deemed to be a mortgage specified in that firstmentioned notice as having priority over the mortgage specified in that firstmentioned notice.

(6) Any notice given before the appointed day by a mortgagor of a former lot to a body corporate, being a notice of the discharge of a mortgage notice of which had been given to the body corporate under section 26 (2) of the former Act, shall, for the purpose of the making under section 69 (3) (d) by the body corporate of a recording of the discharge of that mortgage, be deemed to be a notice given to that body corporate under section 81 (4).

21 Modification of section 70 (1) (c) in relation to continued bodies corporate

For the purposes of section 70 (1) (c), any contribution levied under the former Act by a body corporate and unpaid before the appointed day shall:

(a) if levied pursuant to a determination specifying amounts to be raised by regular periodic contributions, be deemed to be a contribution determined under section 68 (1) (j), or

(b) except as provided in paragraph (a), be deemed to be a contribution determined under section 68 (1) (k).

22 Continuation of councils of former bodies corporate

(1) The council constituted under the former Act of a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 shall, subject to this Act, be, on and from the appointed day, the council of that body corporate.

(2) A person who is a member of a council of a body corporate referred to in subclause (1) shall, for the purposes of section 72 (1), be deemed to have been elected as a member of that council if he was elected as a member of the council of the body corporate constituted under the former Act.

(3) Section 73 (1) shall, in relation to a council referred to in subclause (1), be deemed to be amended by omitting therefrom the words "they assume office as such members" and by inserting instead the words "the appointed day".

24 Operation of section 81 in relation to former strata schemes

Section 81 extends to authorising the giving by any person to a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 of a notice after the occurrence of any event specified in that section notwithstanding that that event occurred before the

appointed day.

25 Modification of Part 4, Division 5

(1) Section 83 does not apply to or in respect of a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, which has in force on the appointed day a policy of insurance expiring not later than one year after the appointed day and effected by it in accordance with section 15 (1) (a) of the former Act, until the expiry of that policy.

(2) Section 84 (1) (a) does not apply to or in respect of a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4, which has in force on the appointed day a policy of insurance expiring not later than one year after the appointed day and effected by it in accordance with section 15 (1) (b) of the former Act, until the expiry of that policy.

(3) Sections 85 (2) and 88 apply to and in respect of a policy of insurance entered into in accordance with the former Act before the appointed day between a body corporate continued by the operation of clause 4 and an insurer in the same way as those sections apply to and in respect of a contract of insurance entered into between a body corporate and an insurer pursuant to Division 5 of Part 4.

(4) Notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, section 17 of the former Act continues to apply to and in respect of a policy of insurance referred to in that section entered into before the appointed day until the expiry of that policy as if this Act had not been enacted.

26 Effect of section 90 in relation to former parcels

(1) A valuation of a former parcel made by a valuing authority within the meaning of section 21 of the former Act in accordance with section 21 (2) (a) of the former Act and in force immediately before the appointed day shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a valuation made in accordance with section 90 (1) by that valuing authority.

(2) In relation to a parcel to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6 and which corresponds to a former parcel a valuation of which had not, at the appointed day, been made in accordance with section 21 (2) (a) of the former Act, section 90 (2) shall be deemed to be amended by omitting therefrom the words "the registration of a strata plan" and by inserting instead the words "the appointed day".

27 Evidentiary effect under section 91 of particulars furnished under section 21 (3) of former Act

Except where the Registrar-General furnishes particulars under section 49 (3) of the unit entitlements of the lots the subject of a strata scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6, the particulars of the unit entitlements of any former lots shown on a certified copy of the strata plan referred to in section 21 (3) of the former Act or on any amendment of that plan and furnished to any authority referred to in section 21 (3) of the former Act shall for the purposes of section 91 be deemed to be particulars furnished to that authority under section 49 (3) of the unit entitlements of the derived lots that correspond to those former lots.

28 Modification of section 92 (2) (c) in relation to valuations of certain lots

In relation to a lot comprised in a parcel referred to in clause 26 (2), section 92 (2) (c) shall be deemed to be amended by inserting after the figures "90" the words ", as deemed to be amended by clause 26 (2) of Schedule 4".

29 Modification of section 119 in relation to lots in former strata schemes

In relation to a strata scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6, section 119 shall be deemed to be amended by omitting the words "the strata plan was registered or at the time any strata plan of subdivision was registered, as the case may be" and by inserting instead the words "the strata plan, or strata plan of resubdivision, within the meaning of the former Act, as the case may be, was registered under the former Act".

30 Destruction of or damage to building under former Act

(1) Any proceedings under section 19 (1) of the former Act which were pending before the Supreme Court immediately before the appointed day may be continued and completed as if they were proceedings under section 51.

(2) Any declaration made under section 19 (1) (b) of the former Act before the appointed day shall, notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, continue to operate and shall have the same force and effect as if this Act had not been enacted.

(3) Any proceedings for an order referred to in section 19 (3) of the former Act which were pending before the Supreme Court immediately before the appointed day may be continued and completed as if they were proceedings under section 50.

(4) Any order made under section 19 (3) of the former Act before the appointed day shall, notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, continue to operate and shall, subject to subclause (5), have the same force and effect as if this Act had not been enacted.

(5) An order referred to in section 19 (3) of the former Act may be varied in the same way as if it were an order made under section 50 (4).

(6) Notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, section 11 of the former Act and the regulations made under that section continue to apply to and in respect of a building which was destroyed under the former Act and the parcel on which that building was situated.

31 Administrators under former Act

(1) A person who, immediately before the appointed day, held office as an administrator under section 23 of the former Act shall, notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act, continue to have the powers and duties he had, as the holder of that office, immediately before the appointed day.

(2) The provisions of section 23 of the former Act continue to apply to and in respect of a person holding office as referred to in subclause (1) notwithstanding the repeal of the former Act.

(3) Where immediately before the appointed day an application under section 23 (1) of the former Act was pending, the Supreme Court shall remit the application to such Board as it thinks fit on such terms and conditions (including terms and conditions relating to the payment of the costs of the application up to the date of the remittal) as it thinks fit and any application so remitted shall be deemed to be an application capable of being made under section 127.

32 Recovery of rates paid by body corporate

A body corporate may recover any amount referred to in section 16 (2) of the former Act paid by it, whether before or after the appointed day, as if section 16 (3) of the former Act had not been repealed by this Act.

33 Keeping of animals

Where at the expiration of a period of three months after the appointed day:

(a) the by-laws in force in respect of a scheme to which the provisions of this Act apply by reason of clause 6 prohibit the proprietor or occupier of a lot from keeping any animal upon his lot or the common property without the approval in writing of the body corporate, and

(b) the proprietor or occupier of any lot the subject of that scheme was keeping an animal on that lot or the common property and had not before the expiration of that period been given a notice by the council requiring him not so to keep that animal,

the body corporate shall be deemed to have given its approval under the by-laws referred to in paragraph (a) to the keeping of that animal on that lot or the common property, as the case may be.

34 Regulations--transitional

(1) The Governor may, for the purposes of bringing lots, common property, bodies corporate and councils, within the meaning of the former Act, under the provisions of this Act and applying the provisions of this

Act, with or without modifications, additions or exclusions to or in respect of any such lots, common property, bodies corporate or councils, and for any purposes incidental thereto, make regulations containing such transitional, consequential or savings provisions as to the Governor may appear to be necessary or expedient.

(2) A regulation made under this clause may make provisions which differ in their application according to such factors as may be specified in the regulation.

(3) Section 39 (1) (b) of the *Interpretation Act 1987* does not apply to a regulation made under this clause.

(4) Regulations made under this clause before the appointed day shall take effect on the appointed day or on some later day specified in the regulations.

(5) Regulations made under this clause after the appointed day shall take effect on the day of publication or on some other day specified in the regulations, being a day before or after the day of publication, but not earlier than the appointed day.

(6) The *Acts Reprinting Act 1972* does not apply to or in respect of any modifications, additions or exclusions referred to in subclause (1).

Part 2 - Provisions relating to the Strata Titles (Part Strata) Amendment Act 1992

1 Definition

In this Part,
"amending Act" means the *Strata Titles (Part Strata) Amendment Act 1992* .

2 Exemption from insurance

An order that exempted a body corporate from any requirement of section 83 immediately before the substitution of that section by the amending Act is, on that substitution:

(a) taken to have been made under that section, as so substituted, and

(b) taken to exempt the body corporate from the corresponding requirement of that section, as so substituted.

3 Orders under Part 5

(1) An order that was in force under Part 5 immediately before the commencement of any amendment of that Part made by the amending Act is, on the commencement of the amendment, taken to have been made under that Part, as so amended.

(2) An application for an order under Part 5 that was pending immediately before the commencement of any such amendment is, on the commencement of the amendment, taken to have been made under that Part, as so amended.

Part 3 - Transitional provisions relating to the Strata Titles (Staged Development) Amendment Act 1993

1 Regulations

(1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the *Strata Titles (Staged Development) Amendment Act 1993* .

(2) Such a provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect on the date of assent to that Act or on a later date.

(3) To the extent to which such a provision takes effect on a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:

(a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of that publication, or

(b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done before the date of that publication.

2 Transitional arrangements for certain development schemes

(1) The amendments made to this Act by the *Strata Titles (Staged Development) Amendment Act 1993* do not apply to a development scheme provided for, and represented by, a development statement:

(a) that was certified under section 28A (4) before 1 January 1995, or

(b) that, not needing to be so certified, was duly lodged for registration before 1 January 1995.

(2) The amendments made to the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979* by the *Strata Titles (Staged Development) Amendment Act 1993* do not apply to any proceedings:

(a) that are commenced after 1 January 1995 in the Land and Environment Court, and

(b) that relate to any such development scheme or development statement.

3 Proceedings pending in Land and Environment Court

The amendments made to the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979* by the *Strata Titles (Staged Development) Amendment Act 1993* do not apply to any proceedings that are pending at 1 January 1995 in the Land and Environment Court under:

this Act,

the *Strata Titles (Leasehold) Act 1986*, or

the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

Part 4 - Transitional provisions relating to the Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment (Strata Approvals) Act 1999

1 Regulations

(1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the *Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment (Strata Approvals) Act 1999*.

(2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.

(3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:

(a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or

(b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

2 Application to existing developments

(1) The amendments made to this Act by the *Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment (Strata Approvals) Act 1999* do not apply to any proposed strata plan, strata plan of subdivision or notice of conversion in respect of which an application for development consent was lodged before the commencement of this clause.

(2) For the purposes of satisfying section 37 (1) (a) (i), as amended by the *Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment (Strata Approvals) Act 1999*, it is sufficient if the provisions of that subparagraph as in force

immediately before that amendment are satisfied in respect of a building.

3 References to approvals under section 37

A reference in any Act (other than in this clause) or in any instrument made under any Act or in any instrument of any kind to:

- (a) an approval under section 37, or
- (b) a certificate of approval under section 37,

is to be read as a reference to a strata certificate issued under section 37 or 37A.

Part 5 - Transitional provisions relating to the Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment Act 2001

1 Definition

In this Part:

"**amending Act**" means the Strata Schemes Legislation Amendment Act 2001.

2 Regulations

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the amending Act, but only in relation to amendments made to this Act.
- (2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the amending Act or a later date.
- (3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:
 - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

3 Surveyors certificates

A certificate duly given by a registered surveyor under section 8 (2) (c), 8A (3) (b) or 9 (3) (c) before the amendment of Schedule 1A by the amending Act is taken to have been duly given under that provision despite that amendment.

4 Transitional arrangements for certain staged development

The amendments made to this Act by the amending Act do not apply to a strata development contract or strata management statement registered before the commencement of this clause.

5 Transfer or lease of common property and creation of variation of easements, restrictions and positive covenants

A transfer or other dealing pursuant to a unanimous resolution passed before the commencement of an amendment made by the amending Act to section 19, 25, 26, 27 or 28 is authorised to be carried out after the commencement as if that section had not been amended.

Part 6 - Transitional provisions relating to the Environmental Planning Legislation Amendment Act 2006

1 Strata certificates

Division 4 of Part 2, as amended by the *Environmental Planning Legislation Amendment Act 2006*, does not apply to or in respect of an application for a strata certificate made, but not determined, before the commencement of Schedule 3.3 to that Act and that Division, as in force immediately before that commencement, continues to apply to and in respect of any such application.

PLANNING CERTIFICATE

UNDER SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979



W A V E R L E Y
C O U N C I L

Page No: 1

InfoTrack Pty Limited
DX 578
SYDNEY

Cert. No.54346
Date: 22 November 2023
Receipt No. 2687741
Your reference: 19944:68580

Property location **1/122 Francis Street, BONDI BEACH NSW 2026**

Parcel description: **Lot 1 SP 1944**

Owner: **2M4 Pty Ltd**

 C/- Oxford Real Estate
 40 Flinders St
 DARLINGHURST NSW 2010

[The next page is page 2]

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

The information in this certificate is provided under section 10.7(2) Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2021, specifically Schedule 2.

The Council warns that:

- other authorities may hold information in respect of the land to which this certificate relates;
- the Council's records may not be complete in respect of the land; and
- the absence of a reference to any matter affecting the land does not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this certificate.

Further information about this certificate may be available from Council's Duty Planner.

ITEM 1

Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

- Waverley Local Environmental Plan 2012 as published on the NSW Legislation website (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au) and updated from time to time.
- Waverley Development Control Plan 2022 as published on Council's website (www.waverley.nsw.gov.au) and updated from time to time.
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Eastern Harbour City) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

Any enquiries regarding these SEPPs should be directed to the NSW Government at <http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au>

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

- Draft Waverley Development Control Plan (Flood Amendment)
- Waverley Local Environmental Plan 2012 (Affordable Housing Contribution Scheme) Planning Proposal. Visit <http://haveyoursay.waverley.nsw.gov.au/affordable-housing-contribution-scheme> for further information.

Note: Any enquiries regarding any SEPPs should be directed to the NSW Government at <http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au>

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if—
- (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.

(4) In this section—

proposed ***environmental planning instrument*** means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

ITEM 2

Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

- (a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to—
 - (i) a name, such as “Residential Zone” or “Heritage Area”, or
 - (ii) a number, such as “Zone No 2 (a)”,
- (b) the purposes for which development in the zone—
 - (i) may be carried out without development consent, and
 - (ii) may not be carried out except with development consent, and
 - (iii) is prohibited,

Waverley Local Environmental Plan 2012 as published on the NSW Legislation website (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au) and updated from time to time.

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.

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- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To maximise public transport patronage and encourage walking and cycling.
- To increase or preserve residential dwelling density.
- To encourage the supply of housing, including affordable housing, that meets the needs of the population, particularly housing for older people and people with disability.
- To provide development that is compatible with the desired future character and amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.
- To promote development that incorporates planning and design measures that reduce the urban heat island effect.
- To improve the urban tree canopy by providing high levels of deep soil planting and additional landscaping

2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Group homes; Home industries; Kiosks; Local distribution premises; Markets; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Entertainment facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Jetties; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Research stations; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Shop top housing; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems;

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Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies.

(c) whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No additional permitted uses apply to the land

(d) whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions,

The land **is not** subject to development standards that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(e) whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,

The land **is not** in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*

(f) whether the land is in a conservation area, however described,

The land is not within a Heritage Conservation Area.

(g) whether an item of environmental heritage, however described, is located on the land.

The land does not contain an Item of environmental heritage.

ITEM 3

Contributions plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

- Waverley Council Development Contribution Plan 2006

Please note the Development Contribution Plan is amended from time to time. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that the correct version is applied.

(2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

The land **is not** in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1.

ITEM 4

Complying development

(1) If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Exempt](#)

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and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

- (2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—
 - (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development under the Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Rural Housing Code

There are no lands within the Waverley Council area that are affected by this Code.

Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code

Complying development under the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Greenfield Housing Code

There are no lands within the Waverley Council area that are affected by this Code.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code may be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

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Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alteration Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Building and Additions) Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development under the Subdivisions Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying development under the Demolition Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

ITEM 5

Exempt development

- (1) If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Exempt and Complying Development Codes\) 2008](#), because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.

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- (2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—
 - (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and
 - (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- (4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

The land is land on which exempt development **may** be carried out.

Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

ITEM 6

Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) Whether the council is aware that—
 - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or
 - (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or
 - (c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

- (2) In this section—

affected building notice has the same meaning as in the [Building Products \(Safety\) Act 2017](#), Part 4.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the [Building Products \(Safety\) Act 2017](#).

Council is not aware that:

- (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or
- (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or
- (c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

ITEM 7

Land reserved for acquisition

Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

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The land is not affected by an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 that provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

ITEM 8

Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under—

- (a) the [Roads Act 1993](#), Part 3, Division 2, or
- (b) an environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) a resolution of the council.

The land is not affected by an environmental planning instrument providing for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

ITEM 9

Flood related development controls

- (1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

The land is not within the current flood planning area and is not subject to currently adopted flood related development controls.

The draft Waverley Development Control Plan (Flood Amendment) identifies this site as **within** a proposed flood planning area and as **subject to** draft flood related development controls. To view the proposed flood related development controls on public exhibition, please visit <https://haveyoursay.waverley.nsw.gov.au/flooddcp>

- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

This information is currently unavailable.

- (3) In this section—

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

ITEM 10

Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

(1) Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

The land is not affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

(2) In this section—

adopted policy means a policy adopted—

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

ITEM 11

Bush fire prone land

(1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.

(2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The land **is not** bush fire prone land, as designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3

ITEM 12

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the [Home Building Act 1989](#), Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

Council has not been notified that the land includes residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the Register of Loose-fill asbestos kept under that Division.

The Register for Loose-Fill asbestos is kept by the Commissioner for Fair Trading. You can view the Register using the following link:

<https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/loose-fill-asbestos-insulation/public-register-of-affected-properties>

ITEM 13

Mine subsidence

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the [Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017](#).

The land is **not** proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

ITEM 14

Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of a development plan adopted by a relevant authority that—

- (a) applies to the land, or
- (b) is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

Council is **not** aware of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

(2) The date of a subdivision order that applies to the land.

There is **no** subdivision order applying to the land.

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

ITEM 15

Property vegetation plans

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the [Native Vegetation Act 2003](#), Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.

Council has **not** been notified that a property vegetation plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003, Part 4 exists or applies to the land.

ITEM 16

Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#), Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

Council has **not** been notified of any biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#) relating to the land.

Note—

Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the [Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995](#), Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#), Part 5.

ITEM 17

Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#), Part 8, a statement to that effect.

The land **is not** biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8.

Note—

Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the [Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995](#), Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the [Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016](#), Part 8.

ITEM 18

Orders under [Trees \(Disputes Between Neighbours\) Act 2006](#)

Whether an order has been made under the [Trees \(Disputes Between Neighbours\) Act 2006](#) to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified of the order.

Council has not been notified that an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006.

ITEM 19

Annual charges under [Local Government Act 1993](#) for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

(1) If the [Coastal Management Act 2016](#) applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the [Local Government Act 1993](#), section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

No owner, or previous owner, has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the Local Government Act 1993, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

(2) In this section—

existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the [Local Government Act 1993](#), section 553B.

Note—

Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

ITEM 20

Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Whether under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Precincts—Western Parkland City\) 2021](#), Chapter 4 the land is—

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

- (a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or
- (b) shown on the [Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map](#), or
- (c) shown on the [Obstacle Limitation Surface Map](#), or
- (d) in the “public safety area” on the [Public Safety Area Map](#), or
- (e) in the “3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” or the “13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” on the [Wildlife Buffer Zone Map](#).

The land parcel **is not** subject to the State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021

ITEM 21

Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Housing\) 2021](#), Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

The land is not affected by a condition of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 which sets out terms of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5, section 88(2).

ITEM 22

Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Housing\) 2021](#), or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate—

- (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

Council **is not** aware of a current or former site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* in relation to proposed development on the land.

(2) If [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Housing\) 2021](#), Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

The land is not affected by a condition of a development consent under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5, section 21(1) or 40(1).

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Affordable Rental Housing\) 2009](#), clause 17(1) or 38(1).

The land is not affected by a condition of a development consent imposed under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under [State Environmental Planning Policy \(Affordable Rental Housing\) 2009](#).

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the [Contaminated Land Management Act 1997](#) as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

(a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act-if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No.

(b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act-if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No.

(c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act-if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No.

(d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act-if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No.

(e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act-if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No.

View recent Development Applications relating to the land via the Development Application Tracking Tool available at Council's website [Track a Development Application](#).

**PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER
SECTION 10.7 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979**

Further information about this certificate may be available from Council's Duty Planner.



.....
Emily Scott
GENERAL MANAGER



Standard Form Agreement

Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

08 March 2023 at **Willoughby, 2068**

between **Jennifer Schultz, Madelyn Stafford** and **Marc Marano**

Landlord

Marc Marano
marc@marcmarano.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Jennifer Schultz
p: +61 405 981 867
e: schultzjenn2@gmail.com

Madelyn Stafford
p: +61 405 990 363
e: madelyn.a.stafford@gmail.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Oxford Agency
40 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst NSW 2010
p: +61 293 312 180, e: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is -

- 6 months
- 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- Other (please specify) 52 weeks
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on **the 13th of March 2023** and ending on **the 10th of March 2024**

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

1/122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

1 Car space

Rent

The rent is **\$710.00 per week**, payable in advance starting on **the 13th of March 2023**

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	062220
Account Number	00129550
Account name	Oxford Real Estate Trust Account
Bank name	Commonwealth Bank
Payment reference	102223

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of **\$2840.00** must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- the landlord or another person, or
 the landlord's agent, or
 NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 2 person(s)

No more than 2 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrician

Anibal , Never Touch Electrical
p: +61413755157

Plumber

Lane Endicott, LME Plumbing Pty Ltd
p: 0432 614 511

Locksmith

Ronnie Srour, CBD Locksmiths
p: 0417 468 227

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

- Hardwired smoke alarm
 Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced.**9v**

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: schultzjenn2@gmail.com, madelyn.a.stafford@gmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing**.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

- 1 The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under **'Residential Premises'**.

Copy of agreement

- 2 The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3 The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4 The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

- 5 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- 6 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

- 8 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

- 9** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

10 The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the

residential premises, and

- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

12 The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,

- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22 The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential

premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25 The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26 The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27 The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

- 28 **The landlord agrees:** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

- 29 **The tenant agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

- 31 The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices

necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34 A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36 The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

Initialled by Jennifer Schultz the 9th of March 2023		Initialled by Madelyn Stafford the 9th of March 2023	
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[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38 The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015:

- 39 The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

Mitigation of loss

- 40** The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

41 The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

42 The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.



Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

Initialed by Jennifer Schultz the 9th of March 2023		Initialed by Madelyn Stafford the 9th of March 2023	
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45 The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises:

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots.]

~~46 The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

~~46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~

~~46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

48 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

51 The tenant agrees: that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,

51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,

51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 The landlord agrees: that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

Initialled by Jennifer
Schultz
the 9th of March
2023



Initialled by Madelyn
Stafford
the 9th of March
2023



[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- a. **both the landlord and tenant agree** to the terms, and
- b. they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- c. they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term – pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

Initialled by Jennifer
Schultz
the 9th of March
2023



Initialled by Madelyn
Stafford
the 9th of March
2023



53 The landlord: agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises
[specify the breed, size etc]:

54 The tenant agrees:

- 54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
- 54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
- 54.4 to comply with any council requirements.

55 The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.

56 The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

57 If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows

57.1 on ____/____/____, rent is to be increased to \$____ per ____.

58 If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

59 Without the written approval of the landlord, **the tenant must not** set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.

Additional term - Smoking

60 The tenant must not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.

61 If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.

62 If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

63 The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:

- 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated;
- 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
- 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
- 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- 64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, **the parties agree** that:
- 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65** If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
- 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

- 66** **the parties agree** that the condition report dated ____/____/____ and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

- 67** **The tenant must**
- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up;
 - 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
 - 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin; and
 - 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

- 68** The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- 69** **The tenant** may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- 70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71** Upon termination of this agreement, **the tenant must** vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72** If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, **the tenant must** continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
- 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73** The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.
- 74** The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover:
- 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

- 75** If any payment by the tenant to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then **the tenant is liable** to pay a \$30 dishonour fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the dishonour fee within 7 days' notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

- 76** ~~The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. **The tenant agrees** to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.~~

Additional term - care of swimming pool

- 77** ~~If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, **the tenant must**:~~
- 77.1 ~~keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;~~
 - 77.2 ~~regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;~~
 - 77.3 ~~regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;~~
 - 77.4 ~~maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;~~
 - 77.5 ~~maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
 - 77.6 ~~promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;~~

- 77.7 ~~ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;~~
- 77.8 ~~not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and~~
- 77.9 ~~take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.~~

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78** Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- 79** Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW),

Additional term - Asbestos

- 80** The parties **acknowledge** that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and **the tenant must** promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- 81** The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- 82** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

- 83** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

- 84** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

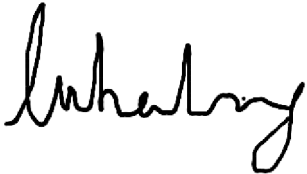
It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

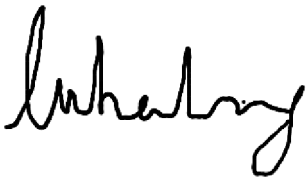
Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 13th of March 2023



LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

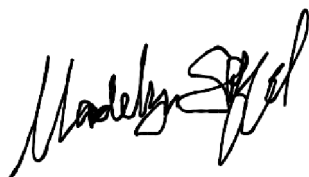
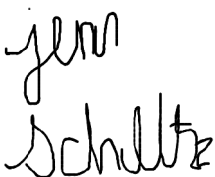
Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 13th of March 2023



SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1
Jennifer Schultz
the 9th of March 2023

Tenant #2
Madelyn Stafford
the 9th of March 2023

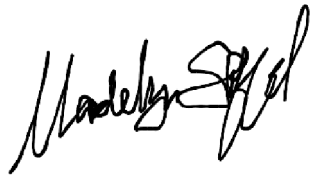
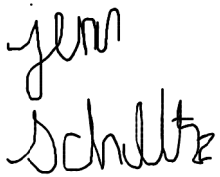


TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant #1
Jennifer Schultz
the 9th of March 2023

Tenant #2
Madelyn Stafford
the 9th of March 2023



For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:
(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the named tenant on this agreement as identified by documents provided to Oxford Agency. This signature is my own, and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residential Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.

Agreed by Jennifer Schultz

Agreed by Madelyn Stafford

Audit Trail

09 March 2023 09:40 AM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Jennifer Schultz (schultzjenn2@gmail.com), Madelyn Stafford (madelyn.a.stafford@gmail.com)	123.51.18.84
09 March 2023 09:40 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Jennifer Schultz	123.51.18.84
09 March 2023 09:40 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Madelyn Stafford	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 09:58 AM	Viewed by Madelyn Stafford	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:20 AM	Viewed by Madelyn Stafford	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:23 AM	Viewed by Jennifer Schultz	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:35 AM	Madelyn Stafford Initialled the by-laws clause	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:36 AM	Madelyn Stafford Initialled the swimming pool clause	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:36 AM	Jennifer Schultz Initialled the by-laws clause	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:37 AM	Jennifer Schultz Initialled the swimming pool clause	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:37 AM	Madelyn Stafford Initialled the additional terms	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:38 AM	Madelyn Stafford Initialled the pets clause	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:38 AM	Jennifer Schultz Initialled the additional terms	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:38 AM	Jennifer Schultz Initialled the pets clause	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:40 AM	Madelyn Stafford Initialled the bottom of each page	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:40 AM	Tenant Madelyn Stafford has confirmed their identity	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:40 AM	Signed by Madelyn Stafford	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:40 AM	Madelyn Stafford has sent the agreement back to the agent	203.54.221.174
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Jennifer Schultz Initialled the bottom of each page	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:41 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:42 AM	Tenant Jennifer Schultz has confirmed their identity	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:42 AM	Signed by Jennifer Schultz	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:42 AM	Jennifer Schultz has sent the agreement back to the agent	172.225.231.181
09 March 2023 10:42 AM	All signatures received, Contract is sent back to the agent	
13 March 2023 04:43 PM	Signed by agent Emma Whaling	123.51.18.84
13 March 2023 04:43 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement has been sent to: schultzjenn2@gmail.com, madelyn.a.stafford@gmail.com, emma@oxfordagency.com.au	



Standard Form Agreement

Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

06 March 2023 at

between **Bastian Borngraber, Saskia Deichsel** and **Marc Marano**

Landlord

Marc Marano
marc@marcmarano.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Bastian Borngraber
p: +61 423 245 380
e: basti-borny@hotmail.com

Saskia Deichsel
p: +61 402 360 481
e: saskiadeichsel@hotmail.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Oxford Agency
40 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst NSW 2010
p: +61 293 312 180, e: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is -

- 6 months
- 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- Other (please specify) 52 weeks
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on **the 31st of March 2023** and ending on **the 28th of March 2024**

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

2/122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

Nil

Rent

The rent is **\$2390.00 per month**, payable in advance starting on **the 31st of March 2023**
Rent will be increased to **\$2824.40 per month** from **31 May 2023**.

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	062220
Account Number	00129550
Account name	Oxford Real Estate Trust Account
Bank name	Commonwealth Bank
Payment reference	101523

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

Already Held

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 4 person(s)

No more than 4 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrician

Anibal , Never Touch Electrical
p: +61413755157

Plumber

Lane Endicott, LME Plumbing Pty Ltd
p: 0432 614 511

Locksmith

Ronnie Srour, CBD Locksmiths
p: 0417 468 227

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated

Hardwired smoke alarm

Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: basti-borny@hotmail.com, saskiadeichsel@hotmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing**.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

- 1 The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under 'Residential Premises'.

Copy of agreement

- 2 The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:

- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

- 3 The tenant agrees:**

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

- 4 The landlord agrees:**

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

- 5 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- 6 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

- 7 The landlord and the tenant agree:**

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

- 8 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

- 9 The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.**

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

- 10 The landlord agrees to pay:**

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the

residential premises, and

- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

12 The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless.

- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and

18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective

- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,

- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22 The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential

premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25 The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26 The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

27 The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

28 The landlord agrees: that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29 The tenant agrees: not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

31 The landlord agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices

necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34 A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36 The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

[Cross out if not applicable]

~~**38 The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.**~~

~~**39 The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.**~~

Mitigation of loss

- 40** The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41 The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
 - 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

- 42 The landlord agrees** to:
- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
 - 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
 - 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
 - 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
 - 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
 - 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
 - 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45 The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises:

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

- 46 The landlord agrees** to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:
- 46.1** the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid

~~certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~

46.2 ~~a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

~~**Note.** A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.~~

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

48 **The landlord agrees:** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 **The landlord agrees:** that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act

2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

51 **The tenant agrees:** that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years.

- 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 **The landlord agrees:** that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- a. **both the landlord and tenant agree** to the terms, and
- b. they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- c. they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term – pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- 53** ~~The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc].~~
- 54** ~~The tenant agrees:~~
- 54.1 ~~to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~
 - 54.2 ~~to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~
 - 54.3 ~~to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and~~
 - 54.4 ~~to comply with any council requirements.~~
- 55** ~~The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.~~
- 56** The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

- 57** If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows
- 57.1 On 31 May 2023, rent is to be increased to **\$2824.40 per month**.
- 58** If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be

increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

- 59** Without the written approval of the landlord, **the tenant must not set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.**

Additional term - Smoking

- 60** **The tenant must not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.**
- 61** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.
- 62** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

- 63** The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:
- 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated;
 - 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
 - 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
 - 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- 64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, **the parties agree** that:
- 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65** If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
- 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

- 66** **the parties agree** that the condition report dated ____/____/____ and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

- 67** **The tenant must**
- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up;
 - 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
 - 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin; and
 - 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

- 68** The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- 69** **The tenant** may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- 70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71** Upon termination of this agreement, **the tenant must** vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72** If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, **the tenant must** continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
- 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73** The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.
- 74** The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover
- 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

- 75** If any payment by the tenant to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then **the tenant is liable** to pay a \$30 dishonour fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the dishonour fee within 7 days' notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

- 76** ~~The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. The tenant agrees to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.~~

Additional term - care of swimming pool

- 77** ~~If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:~~
- 77.1 ~~keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;~~
 - 77.2 ~~regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;~~
 - 77.3 ~~regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;~~
 - 77.4 ~~maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;~~
 - 77.5 ~~maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
 - 77.6 ~~promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;~~

- ~~77.7 ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;~~
- ~~77.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool, and~~
- ~~77.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.~~

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78** Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- 79** Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW),

Additional term - Asbestos

- 80** The parties **acknowledge** that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and **the tenant must** promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- 81** The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- 82** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

- 83** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

- 84** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

Landlord's agent *Emma Whaling*
Name: *Oxford Agency*
Date: *8/3/2023*
Signature: *[Handwritten Signature]*

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Landlord *Landlord Acknowledged*
Name:
Date: *06/03/2023 9:43am*
Signature:

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1	Tenant #2
Name: <i>Sadi Deldar</i>	Name: <i>Bashir Baryarset</i>
Date: <i>7/3/23</i>	Date: <i>7/3/23</i>
Signature of tenant: <i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>	Signature of tenant: <i>[Handwritten Signature]</i>

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant #1

Tenant #2

Name:

Name:

Date:

Date:

Signature of tenant:

Signature of tenant:

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the named tenant on this agreement as identified by documents provided to Oxford Agency. This signature is my own, and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residential Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.

Audit Trail

06 March 2023 10:28 AM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Bastian Borngraber (bastianborny@hotmail.com), Saskia Deichsel (saskiadeichsel@hotmail.com)	
06 March 2023 10:28 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Bastian Borngraber	123.51.18.84
06 March 2023 10:28 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Saskia Deichsel	123.51.18.84
06 March 2023 10:28 AM	Viewed by Bastian Borngraber	120.173.72.43
06 March 2023 10:28 AM	Viewed by Saskia Deichsel	49.186.49.196
06 March 2023 10:32 AM	Saskia Deichsel requested a change - Inclusions	49.186.49.196



Standard Form Agreement

Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

13 October 2023 at **Bondi Beach NSW, Australia**

between **Maya McCarry, Mia Borg** and **Marc Marano**

Landlord

Marc Marano
marc@marcmarano.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Maya McCarry
p: +61 420 859 351
e: mayamccarry7@gmail.com

Mia Borg
p: +61 413 801 187
e: miaborg@icloud.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Oxford Agency
40 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst NSW 2010
p: +61 293 312 180, e: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is -

- 6 months
- 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- Other (please specify) 26 weeks
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on **the 5th of December 2023** and ending on **the 3rd of June 2024**

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

Unit 3/122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

1 car space

Rent

The rent is **\$750.00 per week**, payable in advance starting on **the 6th of June 2023**

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	062220
Account Number	00129550
Account name	Oxford Real Estate Trust Account
Bank name	Commonwealth Bank
Payment reference	102313

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of **\$3000.00** must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- the landlord or another person, or
 the landlord's agent, or
 NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 2 person(s)

No more than 2 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrician

Kris Dawson, All Trades Pty Ltd
p: 0410 297 114

Plumber

Lane Endicott, LME Plumbing Pty Ltd
p: 0432 614 511

Locksmith

Ronnie Srour, CBD Locksmiths
p: 0417 468 227

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

- Hardwired smoke alarm
 Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: mayamccarry7@gmail.com, miaborg@icloud.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing**.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

1 The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under '**Residential Premises**'.

Copy of agreement

2 The landlord agrees to give the tenant:

- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
- 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3 The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4 The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and

4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

5 The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6 The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

8 The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

9 The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

10 The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and

- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and

- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
- 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
- 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

12 The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and

12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:

- 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and

19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and

19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and

19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and

19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and

20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22 The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency

of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.

25 The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:

- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

26 The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the

landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

- 27 The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

- 28 The landlord agrees:** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

- 29 The tenant agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

- 31 The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations,

additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the

residential premises, and

- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36 **The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 **The landlord agrees:**

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

Initialled by Maya
McCarry
the 25th of October
2023

Initialled by Mia Borg
the 25th of October
2023

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38 ~~**The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.~~
- 39 ~~**The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.~~

Mitigation of loss

- 40 The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41 **The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

- 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

- 42 **The landlord agrees to:**

- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke

alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

Initialed by Maya
McCarry
the 25th of October
2023

Initialed by Mia Borg
the 25th of October
2023

45 ~~The landlord agrees~~ to ensure that the requirements of ~~the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46 The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

- 46.1 ~~the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~
- 46.2 ~~a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

48 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

51 The tenant agrees: that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

- 51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4** 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.



This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 The landlord agrees: that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

Initialed by Maya McCarry the 25th of October 2023 	Initialed by Mia Borg the 25th of October 2023 
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[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
- they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term – pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

Initialed by Maya McCarry the 25th of October 2023 	Initialed by Mia Borg the 25th of October 2023 
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~~53 The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc].~~

~~54 The tenant agrees:~~

- ~~to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~
- ~~to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~
- ~~to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and~~
- ~~to comply with any council requirements.~~

~~55 The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.~~

56 The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

57 If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows

57.1 on ____/____/____, rent is to be increased to \$____ per ____.

58 If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

59 Without the written approval of the landlord, the tenant must not set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.

Additional term - Smoking

60 The tenant must not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.

61 If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.

62 If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

- 63** The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:
- 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated;
 - 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
 - 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
 - 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- 64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, **the parties agree** that:
- 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65** If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
- 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

- 66** **the parties agree** that the condition report dated ____/____/____ and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

- 67** **The tenant must**
- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up;
 - 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
 - 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin; and
 - 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

- 68** The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or

analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- 69** **The tenant** may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- 70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71** Upon termination of this agreement, **the tenant must** vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72** If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, **the tenant must** continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
- 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73** The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.
- 74** The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover:
- 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

- 75** If any payment to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then the landlord will provide to the tenant, any evidence to substantiate that they have been charged a fee as a result of the tenant's dishonoured payment (the Dishonour Fee). The tenant is liable to pay the Dishonour Fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the Dishonour Fee within 21 days notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

- 76** ~~The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. **The tenant agrees** to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.~~

Additional term - care of swimming pool

- 77** ~~If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:~~
- ~~77.1 keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;~~
 - ~~77.2 regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;~~
 - ~~77.3 regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;~~
 - ~~77.4 maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;~~
 - ~~77.5 maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
 - ~~77.6 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;~~
 - ~~77.7 ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;~~
 - ~~77.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and~~
 - ~~77.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.~~

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78** Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- 79** Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW),

Additional term - Asbestos

- 80** The parties **acknowledge** that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and **the tenant must** promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- 81** The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- 82** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

- 83** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

- 84** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Additional term - Privacy

- 85** The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the Act) allows certain information referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed. The information collected, used and disclosed is in relation to any tenant named in this agreement. You acknowledge and agree that this Privacy Policy does not form part of the agreement and will only apply to the extent that the landlord and/or their managing agent, collects, uses and discloses personal information as required by, and to comply with, the Act. Any personal information collected about you may be disclosed by the landlord and/or their managing agent, to: other third parties as required by any applicable law; prospective and actual purchasers; service providers; tradespeople; financial institutions; tenancy databases; valuers; Courts and Tribunals; and any other provider of services to either the landlord, their managing agent or you. You have the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and/or its managing agent, unless the landlord and/or its managing agent is permitted by law to withhold that information. By signing this agreement, you acknowledge having reading and understood this Privacy Policy and authorise the landlord and/or its agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, your personal information for the purposes specified herein.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

regulations means the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022 (NSW).

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

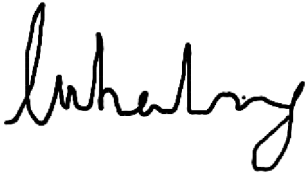
It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

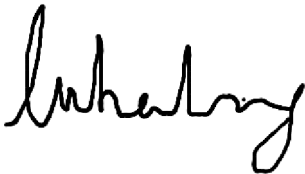
Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 26th of October 2023



LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 26th of October 2023



SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1
Maya McCarry
the 25th of October 2023

Tenant #2
Mia Borg
the 25th of October 2023



TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

<i>Tenant #1</i>	<i>Tenant #2</i>
Maya McCarry	Mia Borg
the 25th of October 2023	the 25th of October 2023



For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:
(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the named tenant on this agreement as identified by documents provided to Oxford Agency. This signature is my own, and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residential Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.

Agreed by Maya McCarry

Agreed by Mia Borg

Audit Trail

25 October 2023 09:44 AM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Maya McCarry (mayamccarry7@gmail.com), Mia Borg (miaborg@icloud.com)	
25 October 2023 09:44 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Maya McCarry	123.51.18.84
25 October 2023 09:44 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Mia Borg	123.51.18.84
25 October 2023 09:44 AM	Viewed by Maya McCarry	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:47 AM	Maya McCarry Initialled the by-laws clause	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:48 AM	Maya McCarry Initialled the swimming pool clause	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:48 AM	Maya McCarry Initialled the additional terms	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:48 AM	Maya McCarry Initialled the pets clause	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:49 AM	Maya McCarry Initialled the bottom of each page	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:49 AM	Tenant Maya McCarry has confirmed their identity	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:49 AM	Signed by Maya McCarry	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:49 AM	Maya McCarry has sent the agreement back to the agent	120.18.91.30
25 October 2023 09:49 AM	Viewed by Mia Borg	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:51 AM	Mia Borg Initialled the by-laws clause	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:51 AM	Mia Borg Initialled the swimming pool clause	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Mia Borg Initialled the additional terms	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Mia Borg Initialled the pets clause	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Mia Borg Initialled the bottom of each page	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Tenant Mia Borg has confirmed their identity	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Signed by Mia Borg	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	Mia Borg has sent the agreement back to the agent	120.14721790
25 October 2023 09:52 AM	All signatures received, Contract is sent back to the agent	
26 October 2023 10:13 AM	Signed by agent Emma Whaling	123.51.18.84
26 October 2023 10:13 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement has been sent to: mayamccarry7@gmail.com, miaborg@icloud.com, emma@oxfordagency.com.au	

**RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT**
RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2010

(SUITABLE FOR A TENANCY WHERE THE TERM OF RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT DOES NOT EXCEED 3 YEARS)

SCANNED
Laing & Simmons Double Bay**IMPORTANT NOTES ABOUT THIS AGREEMENT**

1. The tenant should be given time to read this agreement (including the completed condition report and to obtain appropriate advice if necessary).
2. A landlord or landlord's agent must give a tenant an approved form of information statement (which explains both parties' rights and obligations under this agreement) published by NSW Fair Trading before the tenant enters into the residential tenancy agreement.
3. If this agreement has a fixed term of more than 3 years, it must be annexured to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the *Real Property Act 1900*. In that circumstance, the parties should seek their own independent legal advice to ensure this agreement is in a registrable form.

This agreement is made on 11 / 09 / 2018 at Double Bay between**LANDLORD** [Insert name of landlord(s) and contact details]

Name /s Cavateal Pty Ltd

C/- Laing and Simmons Double Bay 02 9327 7976 / 8356 7900

A.B.N. (if applicable) 080 932 305

Contact Details

Care of Agent Yes No**TENANT** [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]

Kate Georgia Pippos & Allan De Campos Silva

Kate's Business Address: 4/2A Defries Avenue, Zetland NSW 2017

Kate's Email Address: katepippos@gmail.com; Mobile Number: 0406 001 669

Allan's Business Address: 23 Duncan Street, Maroubra NSW 2035

Allan's Email Address: allancampooss@gmail.com; Mobile Number: 0447 669 956

LANDLORD'S AGENT DETAILS [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact details]

Licensee LSDBPM Pty Limited

Trading as Laing & Simmons Double Bay Property Management

A.B.N. 31 670 553 879

Address 373 New South Head Road

Double Bay, NSW

Postcode 2028

Phone 9327 7976

Fax 9327 8017

Mobile 0418 555 567

Email admin@lsdbpm.com.au

TENANT'S AGENT DETAILS [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details]

If appointed, all notices and documents given to the tenant must also be given to the tenant's agent

Name /s

A.B.N.

Address

Postcode

Phone

Fax

Mobile

Email

TERM OF AGREEMENTThe term of this agreement is: Twelve (12) Months ~~weeks~~ / months / ~~years~~starting on 17 / 09 / 2018 and ending on 16 / 09 / 2019 [Cross out if not applicable]**RESIDENTIAL PREMISES**

The residential premises are [Insert address]

Address 4/122 Francis StreetSuburb BondiState NSWPostcode 2026

The residential premises include: [Include any additional matters, such as a parking space or furniture provided]

Garage

Note: If the premises include a garage, the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods, or personal belongings.

The residential premises **do not include:** *[List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part of the residential premises]*

Parking Space, Storeroom

RENT

The rent is \$1,350.00 per Fortnight payable in advance starting on 17 /09 /2018 .

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to the Landlord's agent at 373 New South Head Road, Double Bay by cash or cheque, or

(b) into the following account, or any other account nominated by the landlord:

BSB number: 012-281 Account number: 2528 85618

Account name: Laing and Simmons Double Bay Property Management Trust Account

Payment reference: 22238, or

(c) as follows:

Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

RENTAL BOND *[cross out if there is not going to be a bond]*

A rental bond of \$2,700.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION**MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS**

No more than Four (4) persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

URGENT REPAIRS

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs and their contact details:

Electrical repairs:	Metelec	Telephone: 0414 223 339
Plumbing repairs:	Barrett Plumbing Services	Telephone: 0401 951 833
Other repairs:	A-Line Building Service	Telephone: 0412 282 247
J & D Locksmith Telephone: 0414 388 700		

WATER USAGE

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? Yes No If yes, see clauses 11 and 12

STRATA BY-LAWS

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes No If yes, see clause 35 and clause 56.

CONDITION REPORT

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is signed.

TENANCY LAWS

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

AS
Kurt G. P. B.
a

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. **The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "**Residential premises**".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. **The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when this agreement is signed and given by the tenant to the landlord or a person on the landlord's behalf, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT**3. The tenant agrees:**

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque) and to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.7 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 6.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 6.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 6.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS**7. The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 7.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 7.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 7.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

8. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.**PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES****9. The landlord agrees** to pay:

- 9.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 9.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 9.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 9.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 9.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 9.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 9.8 all charges for the availability of gas to the residential premises if the premises do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises for any purpose.

10. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 10.1 all charges for the supply of electricity, gas (except bottled gas) or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 10.2 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises, and
- 10.3 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 10.4 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 10.5 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 11 and the residential premises:

- 10.5.1 are separately metered, or
- 10.5.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

11. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 11.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 11.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 11.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 11.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 11.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.2 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute,
 - 11.4.3 there are no leaking taps at the commencement of this agreement or when the water efficiency measures are installed, whichever is the later.

12. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

13. The landlord agrees:

- 13.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 13.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 14.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 14.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

15. The tenant agrees:

- 15.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 15.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 15.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 15.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and

- 15.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 16.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 16.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes and batteries for smoke detectors on the residential premises.

17. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 17.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 17.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 17.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises, and
- 17.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 17.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

18. The landlord agrees:

- 18.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and
- 18.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 18.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 18.5 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises.

URGENT REPAIRS

19. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 19.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and

- 19.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 19.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 19.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 19.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 19.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

20. The landlord agrees:

- 20.1** to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 20.2** to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

21. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22. The landlord and tenant agree:

- 22.1** that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 22.2** that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

23. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 23.1** in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 23.2** if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 23.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,

- 23.4** if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 23.5** to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.6** to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.7** to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 23.8** to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 23.9** to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 23.10** if the tenant agrees.

24. The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 23.5, 23.6, 23.7, 23.8 or 23.9 of this agreement:

- 24.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 24.2** may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 24.3** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.

25. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.

26. The tenant agrees to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO THE PREMISES

27. The tenant agrees:

- 27.1** not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 27.2** not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 27.3** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 27.4** to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

28. The landlord agrees not to unreasonably refuse permission for the installation of a fixture by the tenant or to a minor alteration, addition or renovation by the tenant.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

29. The landlord agrees:

- 29.1** to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 29.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 29.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 29.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 29.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

30. The tenant agrees:

- 30.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 30.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- 31.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT**32. The landlord and tenant agree that:**

- 32.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 32.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 32.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 32.4** without limiting clause 32.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 32.3 and 32.4 do not apply to social tenancy housing agreements.

- 33. The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT**34. The landlord agrees:**

- 34.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- 34.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 34.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 34.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

~~**25.** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant within 7 days of entering into this agreement a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989~~

MITIGATION OF LOSS

- 36. The rules of law** relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 37. The landlord agrees** that where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, then the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with details of the amount claimed and with copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim and a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

- 38. The landlord agrees** to ensure that smoke alarms are installed and maintained in the residential premises in accordance with section 146A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that section requires them to be installed in the premises.
- 39. The landlord and tenant each agree** not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

~~**40.** The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1999 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.~~

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

~~**40A.** The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

- ~~**40A.1** the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1999 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~
- ~~**40A.2** a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

40B. The Landlord agrees:

- 40B.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
40B.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

- [Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:
(a) both the landlord and tenant agree to the terms, and
(b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 or any other Act, and
(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.]

[ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - BREAK FEE

[Cross out this clause if not applicable and, if not applicable, note clauses 54.2(a) and 54.2(c)]

~~41. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount:~~

- ~~41.1 if the fixed term is for 2 years or less, 6 weeks rent if less than half of the term has expired or 4 weeks rent in any other case, or
41.2 if the fixed term is for more than 2 years,~~

\$ 1000.00

~~This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.~~

~~Note: Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility. Also refer to clauses 52, 53, 54 and 55 for termination of this agreement.~~

~~Section 147 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.~~

~~42. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term is limited to the amount specified in clause 41 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.~~

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

- 43. The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without first obtaining the written consent of the landlord and, if applicable, the body corporate, community association or board of directors.
44. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animals on the residential premises unless otherwise prohibited by a strata by-law, community title rule, company title rule and/or management statement, or under a law relating to health or other applicable law:

N/A

45. The tenant agrees to:

- 45.1. have the carpet professionally cleaned and to have the residential premises treated by a professional pest control provider /entity if animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy;
45.2. repair any damage caused by animals kept on the residential premises;

45.3. upon request, and in the form of evidence elected, by the landlord or landlord's agent, provide to the landlord or the landlord's agent (as the case may be) evidence that the tenant has complied with clauses 45.1 and 45.2 of this agreement; and

- 45.4. indemnify the landlord in respect of all claims arising out of or in connection with any damage, costs or personal injuries caused or contributed to by:
(a) any animals kept by the tenant on the residential premises; and
(b) any animals moving, or being moved by someone, across the residential premises and any common areas.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

46. The landlord and tenant agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated [] / [] / [] (insert a date if the landlord and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 47. Further to clause 16, The tenant agrees:
47.1. to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
47.2. to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
47.3. to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
47.4. to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
47.5. to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
47.6. to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
47.7. to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
47.8. to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
47.9. to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
47.10. not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
47.11. not to store rubbish or unregistered vehicles on the residential premises, and not to store any items in the garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
47.12. to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES**48. The tenant agrees:**

- 48.1.** to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and
- 48.2.** the availability of telephone or fax lines; internet services; analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services); are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND**49. The tenant agrees:**

- 49.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- 49.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord

50. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS**51. The tenant agrees:**

- 51.1.** not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*; and
- 51.2.** to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

52. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

53. The tenant agrees:

- 53.1.** upon termination of this agreement, to:
- promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* ;
 - promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - comply with its obligations in clause 17 of this agreement; and
- 53.2.** that the tenant's obligations under this agreement (including to pay rent and other amounts payable to the landlord pursuant to clause 54.2) continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.

54. Notwithstanding any termination of the agreement, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees that:**

- 54.1.** an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement;

54.2. if the tenant terminates this agreement before the expiry of the fixed term and if clauses 41 and 42 regarding the break fee are deleted (and, therefore, do not apply), subject to the parties' obligations to mitigate their losses:

- the tenant must:
 - reimburse the landlord for costs, fees and other charges and expenses in connection with such termination; and
 - pay rent or compensation for an amount equivalent to rent until such time as the landlord finds a suitable replacement tenant or until the date on which the fixed term of the agreement has expired (whichever occurs first), and the parties agree that this clause 54.2(a) does not apply if the tenant terminates the residential tenancy agreement early for a reason permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*;
- the tenant must comply with the requirements of clause 53 before the expiration of the fixed term of this agreement; and
- the landlord is under no obligation to advertise the residential premises, arrange any inspection of the residential premises by prospective tenants or take any other action to lease the residential premises until vacant possession is provided by the tenant; and

54.3. the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event of a termination of this agreement on the grounds of a breach.

55. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 55.1.** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement;
- 55.2.** the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy; and
- 55.3.** the landlord's entitlement to claim damages for loss of bargain pursuant of clause 54.3 and the tenant's obligation to pay rent as and when it falls due are fundamental and essential terms of this agreement.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 187(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS**56. The tenant agrees:**

- 56.1.** to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 56.2.** where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and /or management statements and any applicable law; and

- (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
- (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;

61.2. to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 38 of this agreement;

61.3. to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food; and

61.4. where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* or the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015* to immediately notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of:

- (a) any windows in the residential premises that do not have any locks or other window safety devices; or
- (b) any locks or other window safety devices in the residential premises that are non-compliant with legislation or need repairing,

so that the landlord or landlord's agent can ensure compliance with section 118 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* with respect to window safety devices.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

62. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is not garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

63. The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

64. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

65. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 23.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, **the tenant acknowledges and agrees** that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.

66. The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 23.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

67. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- (i) process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed)

the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent using the contact details of the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS**68. The landlord and tenant acknowledge that:**

- 68.1** the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement; and
- 68.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
- (a) they do not contravene the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*, the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2010 (NSW)* or any other Act; and
 - (b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement.

69. The landlord and tenant jointly and severally indemnify and hold harmless: The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales (**REINSW**) in relation to any actions, proceedings, claims, losses, costs and damages which REINSW suffers, incurs or becomes liable for and which arise directly or indirectly from or are in connection with any additional terms and/or conditions that are included in an annexure to this agreement.

SCHEDULE A**SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS****Special Condition 1 - Noise**

The tenant must not create any noise in the flat or on the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 2 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on the common area except with the written approval of the landlord.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common area

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of the common area by any person.

Special Condition 4 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not:

- a damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- b use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Damage to common areas

The tenant must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the the common area without the approval in writing of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Special Condition 6 - Behaviour of owners and occupiers

The tenant when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another flat or to any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 7 - Children playing on common areas in building

The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant has control to play on the common area within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 8 - Behaviour of invitees

The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the tenant do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 9 - Depositing rubbish and other material on common areas

The tenant must not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 10 - Drying of laundry items

The tenant must not, except with the consent in writing of the landlord, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the flat in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose and then only for a reasonable period.

Special Condition 11 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the tenant to do any thing on the lot or the common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or the common area.

Special Condition 12 - Cleaning windows and doors

The tenant must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.

Special Condition 13 - Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- 1 The tenant must not, except with the approval in writing of the landlord, use or store on the flat or on the common area any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- 2 This special condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 14 - Moving furniture and other objects on or through the common area

The tenant must not transport any furniture or large object through or on the common area within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the landlord to arrange for a person to be present at the time when the tenant does so.

Special Condition 15 - Garbage disposal

The tenant:

- a must maintain within the flat, or on such part of the common area as may be authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage,
- b must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained,
- c for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the landlord and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected,
- d when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the flat or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
- e must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- f must promptly remove any thing which the tenant or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Special Condition 16 - Keeping of animals

The tenant must not, without the prior approval in writing of the landlord, keep any animal on the flat or the common area.

Special Condition 17 - Appearance of flat

- 1 The tenant must not, without the written consent of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- 2 This special condition does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in Special Condition 10.

Special Condition 18 - Change in use of flat to be notified

The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

ANNEXURE 'A'

SPECIAL CONDITION

4/122 FRANCIS STREET, BONDI

1. PICTURE HOOKS

The Tenant agrees, that:

(a) no additional picture hooks will be placed in the walls without the specific written permission of the Landlord; and

(b) in the event that the Landlord agrees to allow the Tenant to put additional picture hooks in the walls of the premises, the Tenant will, if required by the Landlord, repair or have repaired any damage caused to the walls and wall finishes (including any wallpaper) at the termination of the Tenant's tenancy.

The Tenant further agrees that repair of the walls and repainting will be to a standard which restores the wall finish to its state at the commencement of the tenancy. The Tenant acknowledges and agrees that this may involve the respective wall finish being redone for so much of the relevant area as is necessary to avoid that repair being noticeable.

2. TELEPHONE / CABLE SERVICE

The supply of a telephone service is a contract between the user and the supplier.

The tenant will not take the presence of any telephone or Foxtel or other cable to indicate the availability of these services.

The tenant must make their own investigations in regard to the availability or otherwise of these services and will make no claim on the landlord for their provision.

3. GARAGE

The tenant acknowledges that in the event that the premises include the use of a garage, that the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a car and not for the storage of goods.

In the event that goods are to be placed in the garage, the Landlord gives no undertaking as to the security or waterproofing of the garage and accepts no responsibility for any damage that may occur to goods that are to be stored there.

4. SMOKE ALARM ACTIVATION

In the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the premises is to be activated by burning food stuffs, toast etc and this is to result in a false alarm call out to the fire brigade, the Tenant will be responsible for the payment of any call out fee that may eventuate.

5. SMOKE ALARMS NOT TO BE TAMPERED WITH

The tenant acknowledges that the smoke alarms installed in the premises are a safety requirement and that under no circumstances are they to be tampered with, covered or removed. Any fault in the smoke alarm is to be notified to the agent immediately so that it can be rectified.

6. BREAK LEASE CLAUSE

If the tenant terminates the agreement before the expiry of the fixed term and clauses 41 and 42 have been crossed out, then, subject to the landlord's obligation to mitigate their loss, the tenant is liable to pay the landlord compensation for an amount equivalent to rent and other costs reasonably incurred by the landlord until such a time as the landlord finds a suitable replacement tenant or until the expiry of the fixed term tenancy agreement, whichever occurs first.

7. BANK CHARGES

The tenant hereby agrees to compensate the landlord or the landlord's agent for any bank charges incurred as a result of any dishonoured cheques or re-presentation of cheques received for payment of rent.

8. SUB-LETTING

The Tenant acknowledges that it is not permissible to sublet these premises using the service of an accommodation sharing service such as Air BnB, Gumtree etc. Holiday leasing is not permitted under Local Government Regulations and any sub leasing arrangement must be approved in writing by the landlord.

9. WINDOW LOCKS

The tenant acknowledges that the windows have been fitted with safety catches/locks and these are not to be removed. Replacement of any locks/catches found to be missing will be at the Tenant's expense. The Tenant further acknowledges that these locks have been fitted for safety reasons and assumes full responsibility for any injury that may occur due to their removal.

TENANT:

LANDLORD:

Kate G. Poy
AS
Simon de

Email Service of Notices and Documents Consent Form

Date: 11/09/2018

We **Kate Pippos & Allan De Campos Silva** consent to all notices and documentation relevant to the letting of **4/122 Francis Street, Bondi** being served electronically via email katepippos@gmail.com ; allancampos@gmail.com . Where the Premises are subject to a tenancy agreement, we consent to the service of notices and documents required to be given or served in respect of or under the tenancy agreement for the Premises including but is not limited to termination notices, notice of intention to sell the Premises, notice of access/inspection/entry and a notice of rent increase.

We **Kate Pippos & Allan De Campos Silva** acknowledge that by providing an email address and signing this form, we consent to **Laing + Simmons Double Bay Property Management** updating our details of the method of communication for the purposes of email service of notices and other documents on all relevant documents.

Signatures of the consenting parties:

The image shows two handwritten signatures in black ink. The signature on the left is 'Kate Pippos' and the signature on the right is 'Allan De Campos Silva'.

Date:

Please return this form signed to:

Laing + Simmons Double Bay Property Management

NOTES.**1. Definitions**

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord include sale of the residential premises, breach of this agreement by the tenant and hardship. The grounds for the tenant include sale of the residential premises (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord and hardship. For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

in the presence of: Hayley Shumack
(Name of witness)
H Shumack
(Signature of witness)

FOR & ON BEHALF OF THE LANDLORD

[Signature]
(Signature of landlord)
LAING & SIMMONS DOUBLE BAY
AUTHORISED MANAGING AGENT

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

in the presence of: Hayley Shumack
(Name of witness)
H Shumack
(Signature of witness)

[Signature] **AS**
(Signature of tenant)

in the presence of: Hayley Shumack
(Name of witness)
H Shumack
(Signature of witness)

[Signature]
(Signature of tenant)

in the presence of: _____
(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

(Signature of tenant)

in the presence of: _____
(Name of witness)

(Signature of witness)

(Signature of tenant)

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

[Signature] **AS**
(Signature of tenant)

[Signature] **AS**
(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:
(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au



Standard Form Agreement

Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

01 August 2023 at Bondi Beach NSW, Australia

between **Maria Jaramillo, Robert Folch I Molins** and **2M4 PTY LTD ATF The Inmarcwe Trust**

Landlord

2M4 PTY LTD ATF The Inmarcwe Trust
marc@marcmarano.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Maria Jaramillo
p: +61 480 156 123
e: mariajaramillo.12@hotmail.com

Robert Folch I Molins
p: +61 481 269 906
e: beto_folchmol@hotmail.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Oxford Agency
40 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst NSW 2010
p: +61 293 312 180, e: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is -

- 6 months
- 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- Other (please specify) 52 weeks
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on **the 11th of August 2023** and ending on **the 8th of August 2024**

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

5/122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

NIL

Rent

The rent is **\$775.00 per week**, payable in advance starting on **the 11th of August 2023**

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	062220
Account Number	00129550
Account name	Oxford Real Estate Trust Account
Bank name	Commonwealth Bank
Payment reference	102380

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of **\$3100.00** must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.
The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

- the landlord or another person, or
 the landlord's agent, or
 NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 2 person(s)

No more than 2 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrician

Anibal , Never Touch Electrical
p: +61413755157

Plumber

Lane Endicott, LME Plumbing Pty Ltd
p: 0432 614 511

Locksmith

Ronnie Srour, CBD Locksmiths
p: 0417 468 227

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

- Hardwired smoke alarm
 Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: mariajaramillo.12@hotmail.com, beto_folchmol@hotmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing**.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

- 1 The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under '**Residential Premises**'.

Copy of agreement

- 2 The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3 The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4 The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

- 5 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- 6 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

- 8 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

- 9** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

10 The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the

residential premises, and

- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

12 The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Urgent repairs

20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: *The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-*

- (a) a burst water service,

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22 The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential

premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25 The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26 The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27 The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

- 28 The landlord agrees:** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

- 29 The tenant agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

- 31 The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices

necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34 A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

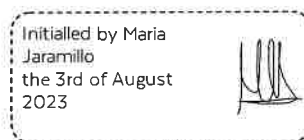
- 36 The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided



[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38 ~~The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.~~
- 39 ~~The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.~~

Mitigation of loss

- 40 The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- 41 The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
 - 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

42 The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

Initialled by Maria
Jaramillo
the 3rd of August
2023



45 The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots.]

- 46 ~~The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~
- 46.1 ~~the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~
- 46.2 ~~a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

~~**Note.** A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.~~

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

48 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

51 The tenant agrees: that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

- 51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4** 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 The landlord agrees: that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

Initialed by Maria
Jaramillo
the 3rd of August
2023



[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- a. **both the landlord and tenant agree** to the terms, and
- b. they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- c. they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term – pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

Initialed by Maria
Jaramillo
the 3rd of August
2023



- 53 The landlord:** ~~agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises [specify the breed, size etc].~~
- 54 The tenant agrees:**
- 54.1 ~~to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and~~
 - 54.2 ~~to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and~~
 - 54.3 ~~to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and~~
 - 54.4 ~~to comply with any council requirements.~~
- 55 The tenant agrees** ~~to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.~~
- 56** The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

- 57** If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows
- 57.1 on ____/____/____, rent is to be increased to \$____ per _____.
- 58** If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

- 59** Without the written approval of the landlord, **the tenant must not** set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.

Additional term - Smoking

- 60 The tenant must** not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.
- 61** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.
- 62** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

- 63** The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:
- 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated;
 - 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
 - 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
 - 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- 64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, **the parties agree** that:
- 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65** If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
- 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

- 66** **the parties agree** that the condition report dated ____/____/____ and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

- 67** **The tenant must**
- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up;
 - 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
 - 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin; and
 - 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

- 68** The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- 69** **The tenant** may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- 70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71** Upon termination of this agreement, **the tenant must** vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72** If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, **the tenant must** continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
- 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73** The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.
- 74** The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover:
- 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

- 75** If any payment to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then the landlord will provide to the tenant, any evidence to substantiate that they have been charged a fee as a result of the tenant's dishonoured payment (the Dishonour Fee). The tenant is liable to pay the Dishonour Fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the Dishonour Fee within 21 days notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

- 76** The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. **The tenant agrees** to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.

Additional term - care of swimming pool

- 77** ~~If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:~~
- 77.1 ~~keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;~~
 - 77.2 ~~regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;~~
 - 77.3 ~~regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;~~
 - 77.4 ~~maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;~~
 - 77.5 ~~maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~

- 77.6 ~~promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;~~
- 77.7 ~~ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;~~
- 77.8 ~~not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and~~
- 77.9 ~~take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.~~

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78 Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- 79 Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW),

Additional term - Asbestos

- 80 The parties **acknowledge** that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and **the tenant must** promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- 81 The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- 82 The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

- 83 The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

- 84 The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

regulations means the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022 (NSW).

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

Landlord's agent

Name: *Emma Whaling*

Date: *15/8/23*

Signature: *[Handwritten Signature]*

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Landlord Name: *Landlord acknowledged outside of agreement*

Date: *3/8/23*

Signature: *[Handwritten Signature]*

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1

Maria Jaramillo
the 3rd of August 2023

[Handwritten Signature]

Tenant #2

Name: *Robert Folch i Molins*

Date: *04/08/23*

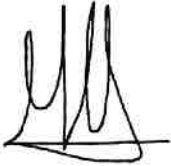
Signature of tenant:

[Handwritten Signature]

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant #1
Maria Jaramillo
the 3rd of August 2023



Tenant #2
Name: Robert folch i molins

Date: 04/08/23
Signature of tenant:



For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:
(a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
(b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
(c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the named tenant on this agreement as identified by documents provided to Oxford Agency. This signature is my own, and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residential Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.

Agreed by Maria Jaramillo

Agreed by Robert Folch i Molins

Audit Trail

03 August 2023 11:47 AM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Maria Jaramillo (mariajaramillo.12@hotmail.com), Robert Folch I Molins (beto_folchmol@hotmail.com)	123.51.18.84
03 August 2023 11:47 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Maria Jaramillo	123.51.18.84
03 August 2023 11:56 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Robert Folch I Molins	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 12:03 PM	Viewed by Maria Jaramillo	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 12:04 PM	Maria Jaramillo Initialled the by-laws clause	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 12:04 PM	Maria Jaramillo Initialled the swimming pool clause	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 12:04 PM	Maria Jaramillo Initialled the additional terms	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 12:04 PM	Maria Jaramillo Initialled the pets clause	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 01:49 PM	Viewed by Maria Jaramillo	149.167.29.225
03 August 2023 01:52 PM	Viewed by Maria Jaramillo	120.18.189.155
03 August 2023 01:53 PM	Maria Jaramillo Initialled the bottom of each page	120.18.189.155
03 August 2023 01:53 PM	Tenant Maria Jaramillo has confirmed their identity	120.18.189.155
03 August 2023 01:53 PM	Signed by Maria Jaramillo	120.18.189.155
03 August 2023 01:53 PM	Maria Jaramillo has sent the agreement back to the agent	120.18.189.155



Standard Form Agreement

Standard form residential tenancy agreement

Schedule 1

Important information

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the **Agreement**).

- 1 This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2 If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- 3 If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4 The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on

01 June 2023 at Bondi Beach, 2026

between **Cory Adler, Hamish McConnell** and **2M4 PTY LTD ATF The Inmarcwe Trust**

Landlord

2M4 PTY LTD ATF The Inmarcwe Trust
marc@marcmarano.com

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Tenants

Cory Adler
p: +61 435 032 126
e: c_adler@outlook.com

Hamish McConnell
p: +61 432 697 730
e: bigredhamish@gmail.com

Landlord's Agent Details

Oxford Agency
40 Flinders Street, Darlinghurst NSW 2010
p: +61 293 312 180, e: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant's Agent Details

Not Applicable

Term of Agreement

The term of this agreement is -

- 6 months
- 12 months
- 2 years
- 3 years
- 5 years
- Other (please specify) 52 weeks
- Periodic (No End Date)

Starting on **the 19th of July 2023** and ending on **the 16th of July 2024**

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

Residential premises

6/122 Francis Street, Bondi Beach NSW 2026

The residential premises include:

[Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.]

1 lock up Garage

Rent

The rent is **\$750.00 per week**, payable in advance starting on **the 19th of July 2023**
Rent will be increased to **\$775.00 per week** from **03 August 2023**.

Note. Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.

The method(s) by which the rent must be paid:

a. by electronic funds transfer (EFT):

BSB Number	062220
Account Number	00129550
Account name	Oxford Real Estate Trust Account
Bank name	Commonwealth Bank
Payment reference	101974

Note: The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the tenant.

Rental Bond

[Cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

Already Held

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

Occupants

No more than 2 person(s)

No more than 2 person(s) may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

Urgent repairs

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrician

Kris Dawson, All Trades Pty Ltd
p: 0410 297114

Plumber

Lane Endicott, LME Plumbing Pty Ltd
p: 0432 614 511

Locksmith

Ronnie Srour, CBD Locksmiths
p: 0417 468 227

Utilities

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?

Yes No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.

Yes No

Smoke alarms

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

- Hardwired smoke alarm
 Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced.**9v**

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?

Yes No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?

Yes No

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 38 and 39.

Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clauses 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: accounts@oxfordagency.com.au

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents?

Yes No

If yes, see clause 50.

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Email: c_adler@outlook.com, bigredhamish@gmail.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for **signing**.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

The Agreement

Right to occupy the premises

- 1 The landlord agrees** that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under **'Residential Premises'**.

Copy of agreement

- 2 The landlord agrees** to give the tenant:
- 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Rent

3 The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4 The landlord agrees:

- 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note: The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

Rent increases

- 5 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note: Section 42 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

- 6 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

Rent reductions

- 8 The landlord and the tenant agree** that the rent abates if the residential premises:

- 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
- 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
- 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.

- 9** The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

Payment of council rates, land tax, water and other charges

10 The landlord agrees to pay:

- 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
- 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
- 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11 The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the

residential premises, and

- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

12 The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:

- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13 The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

Possession of the premises

14 The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

Tenant's right to quiet enjoyment

15 The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

Use of the premises by tenant

16 The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17 The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

18 The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:

- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and

- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note: Under section 54 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

Landlord's general obligations for residential premises

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows—do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.

- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

Urgent repairs

20 The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:

- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note: The type of repairs that are "urgent repairs" are defined in the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,

- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

Sale of the premises

21 The landlord agrees:

- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

22 The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

Landlord's access to the premises

24 The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:

- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential

premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,

- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- 25 The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26 The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- 27 The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

Publishing photographs or visual recordings

- 28 **The landlord agrees:** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

- 29 **The tenant agrees:** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

Fixtures, Alterations, additions or renovations to the premises

30 The tenant agrees:

- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.

- 31 The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

Locks and security devices

32 The landlord agrees:

- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices

necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33 The tenant agrees:

- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.

- 34 A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

Transfer of tenancy or sub-letting by tenant

35 The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note: Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

- 36 The landlord agrees** not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

Change in details of landlord or landlord's agent

37 The landlord agrees:

- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.
- 37.5 if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

Copy of certain by-laws to be provided

Initialled by Cory Adler the 10th of June 2023 	Initialled by Hamish McConnell the 9th of June 2023 
--	--

[Cross out if not applicable]

- 38 The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015:

- 39 The landlord agrees** to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.

Mitigation of loss

- 40** The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

Rental bond

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

41 The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:

- 41.1** details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

Smoke alarms

42 The landlord agrees to:

- 42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm

43 The tenant agrees

- 43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.



Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44 The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

Swimming pools

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

Initialed by Cory Adler the 10th of June 2023 	Initialed by Hamish McConnell the 9th of June 2023 
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45 The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises:

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots.]

~~46 The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:~~

~~46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and~~

~~46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant.~~

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

47 The landlord agrees:

- 47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- 47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

Combustible cladding

48 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

- 48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
- 48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

Significant health or safety risks

49 The landlord agrees: that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

Electronic service of notices and other documents

50 The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- 50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- 50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- 50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

Break fee for fixed term of not more than 3 years

51 The tenant agrees: that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

- 51.1** 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- 51.4** 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52 The landlord agrees: that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

Additional Terms

Initialled by Cory Adler
the 10th of June 2023 

Initialled by Hamish
McConnell
the 9th of June 2023 

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- both the landlord and tenant agree** to the terms, and
- they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

Additional term – pets

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

Initialled by Cory Adler
the 10th of June 2023 

Initialled by Hamish
McConnell
the 9th of June 2023 

- 53 The landlord:** agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises
[specify the breed, size etc]:
Dog x 1'
- 54 The tenant agrees:**
- to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and
 - to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
 - to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and
 - to comply with any council requirements.
- 55 The tenant agrees** to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
- 56 The tenant agrees** not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent.

Additional term - Rent increases during the fixed term

Initialled by Cory Adler
the 10th of June 2023 

Initialled by Hamish
McConnell
the 9th of June 2023 

- 57** If the details in this clause 57 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement as follows
- 57.1 On 03 August 2023, rent is to be increased to **\$775.00 per week**.
- 58** If the details in this clause 58 have been completed, then the parties agree to increase rent during the fixed term of the agreement using the following method: [insert method of calculation]

[For a Fixed Term of less than 2 years]

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of less than 2 years must not be increased during the fixed term unless the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

[For a Fixed Term of 2 years or more]

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable. Notice of a rent increase must be given by a landlord or landlord's agent even if details of the rent increase are set out in the residential tenancy agreement.

The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months and may be increased whether or not the agreement specifies the increased rent or the method of calculating the increase.

Additional term - No set off

- 59** Without the written approval of the landlord, **the tenant must not** set off or seek to set off the rental bond against any rent or other monies payable by the tenant to the landlord.

Additional term - Smoking

- 60 The tenant must** not smoke or allow others to smoke in the premises.
- 61** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke outside the premises, the tenant must ensure that all cigarette butts are properly disposed and not left on the ground.
- 62** If the tenant smokes or allows others to smoke inside the premises in breach of clause 60, upon termination of this agreement, the tenant will be responsible for the cost of

professionally cleaning all surfaces, floors and windows of the premises.

Additional term - Tenancy Databases

- 63** The landlord may list the tenant's personal information in a residential tenancy database if:
- 63.1 the tenant was named as a tenant in this agreement that has terminated or the tenant's co-tenancy was terminated;
 - 63.2 the tenant breached this agreement;
 - 63.3 because of the breach, the tenant owes the landlord an amount that is more than the rental bond for this agreement or the Tribunal has made a termination order; and
 - 63.4 the personal information identifies the nature of the breach and is accurate, complete and unambiguous.

Additional term - Condition Report

- 64** If a condition report, signed by both the tenant and the landlord, is included with or annexed to this agreement, **the parties agree** that:
- 64.1 it forms part of this agreement; and
 - 64.2 it represents a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.
- 65** If the landlord or the landlord's agent provides a condition report, signed by the landlord to the tenant and the tenant does not return a copy of the condition report, signed by the tenant, within 7 days of taking possession of the premises, then the condition report signed by the landlord is deemed to:
- 65.1 form part of this agreement; and
 - 65.2 represent a true and accurate statement of the state of repair and condition of the residential premises as at the date of the condition report.

Additional term - Previous Condition Report

Initialled by Cory Adler
the 10th of June 2023

Initialled by Hamish
McConnell
the 9th of June 2023

- 66** **the parties agree** that the condition report dated **21 June 2022** and carried out to record the state of repair and condition of the residential premises under a previous residential tenancy agreement between the landlord and the tenant, forms part of this agreement.

Additional term - Health Issues

67 The tenant must

- 67.1 routinely clean the premises to avoid any mould, mildew or damp build-up;
- 67.2 ensure that exhaust fans are turned on and windows are opened when the relevant rooms in the premises are in use, e.g. bathrooms, to minimise condensation;
- 67.3 ensure that the premises are free of any pests and vermin; and
- 67.4 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent if there are any signs of mould, mildew, dampness, pests or vermin in the premises.

Additional term - Telecommunication Facilities

- 68** The Landlord does not warrant or make any representation that there are lines of connection to telephone, internet and cable or analogue telephone or television services.

Additional term - Repairs

- 69** **The tenant** may not request the landlord to carry out non-urgent repairs at the premises on times other than between 9am to 5pm on business days.
- 70** If the landlord has, acting reasonably, requested the tenant to provide access to the premises for the purpose of repairs, the tenant is liable for any call out fees incurred by the landlord as a result of the tenant failing to provide access to the premises for any reason at the specified time and date.

Additional term - Procedure on Termination

- 71** Upon termination of this agreement, **the tenant must** vacate the premises in a peaceful manner and return all keys, security cards and other opening devices to the landlord or the landlord's agent.
- 72** If the tenant fails to comply with clause 71, **the tenant must** continue to pay rent to the landlord, at the amount payable immediately prior to termination of this agreement until:
- 72.1 all the keys, security cards and other opening devices are returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent; or
 - 72.2 the landlord or the landlord's agent has replaced/changed the locks to the premises and the landlord is able to gain access to the premises.
- 73** The tenant is liable, and must compensate the landlord, for the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.
- 74** The landlord may apply to the Civil and Administration Tribunal (NCAT) for an order to recover:
- 74.1 the rent payable by the tenant for the period from the date of termination to the date the landlord gains access to the premises; and
 - 74.2 the costs incurred by the landlord in replacing/changing the locks under clause 72.2.

Additional term - Dishonoured Payments

- 75** If any payment to the landlord is dishonoured upon presentation to a financial institution, then the landlord will provide to the tenant, any evidence to substantiate that they have been charged a fee as a result of the tenant's dishonoured payment (the Dishonour Fee). The tenant is liable to pay the Dishonour Fee to the landlord. The tenant must pay the Dishonour Fee within 21 days notice from the landlord notifying the tenant of the dishonoured payment.

Additional term - Gardens

- 76** The tenant is responsible for regularly maintaining the yard and gardens on the premises (including regular mowing, edging, pruning and weeding) during the tenancy period. **The tenant agrees** to keep the yard and gardens on the premises in good condition (having regard to the condition report) during the tenancy period, fair wear and tear excluded.

Additional term - care of swimming pool

- 77** ~~If there is a swimming pool located on the premises, the tenant must:~~

- ~~77.1 keep the swimming pool clean and regularly sweep up any leaves or other debris which have fallen into the swimming pool;~~
- ~~77.2 regularly clean the sides of the swimming pool to minimise build-up of slime and other residue;~~
- ~~77.3 regularly clean the pool filters and empty out the leaf baskets;~~
- ~~77.4 maintain the cleanliness and clarity of the water to a standard set by the landlord (acting reasonably) by testing the pool water monthly and treating, at the tenant's cost, the pool with the necessary chemicals, if required;~~
- ~~77.5 maintain the water level above the filter inlet at all times;~~
- ~~77.6 promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of any issues with the pool or pool equipment;~~
- ~~77.7 ensure that all doors and gates providing access to the swimming pool are kept securely closed at all times when they are not in actual use;~~
- ~~77.8 not leave any items near the swimming pool or the safety door/gate which would allow a child to gain access to the swimming pool; and~~
- ~~77.9 take all reasonable steps to ensure no unaccompanied child can gain access to the pool area.~~

Additional term - electronic signatures

- 78** Any notice given electronically under this agreement must comply with sections 8 and 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW), as applicable.
- 79** Any signature given electronically under this agreement must comply with section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW).

Additional term - Asbestos

- 80** The parties **acknowledge** that the premises may contain asbestos or asbestos containing materials and **the tenant must** promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent in writing, if any surface and/or material at the premises suspected of containing asbestos, is disturbed or damaged in any way.

Additional term - Consent to publish photographs of residential premises

- 81** The tenant consents to the landlord or landlord's agent publishing any photograph or visual recording made of the interior of the residential premises in which any of the tenant's possessions are visible.
- 82** The tenant's consent does not apply to photographs or visual recordings taken by the landlord or landlord's agent without first providing the tenant with reasonable notice.

Additional term - Garage

- 83** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in the event the property includes the use of a garage or car-space, said space is provided for the sole purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of personal goods and belongings. In the event that the tenant places their goods in this area, the landlord makes no warranty as to the security and/or waterproofing of the area and accepts no responsibility for any damage or theft that may occur to those goods.

Additional term - Storage

- 84** The tenant acknowledges and agrees that in circumstances where the premises includes a storage room/cage/area for the tenants use, the landlord makes no warranty as to the area being fit for purpose and accepts no responsibility if the storage room/cage/area is not adequately ventilated, secure or watertight.

Notes

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989.

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (see notes 3 and 4). Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

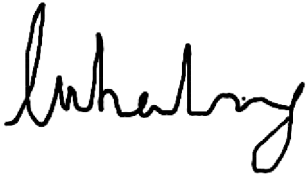
It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD

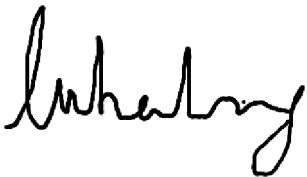
Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 14th of June 2023



LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

Landlord's agent
Emma Whaling
the 14th of June 2023



SIGNED BY THE TENANT

Tenant #1
Cory Adler
the 10th of June 2023

Tenant #2
Hamish McConnell
the 9th of June 2023



TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

Tenant #1

Cory Adler

the 10th of June 2023

Tenant #2

Hamish McConnell

the 9th of June 2023



For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au.

Confirmations

Tenant

I confirm I am the named tenant on this agreement as identified by documents provided to Oxford Agency. This signature is my own, and I also confirm I agree to sign my Residential Tenancy Agreement in this electronic format.

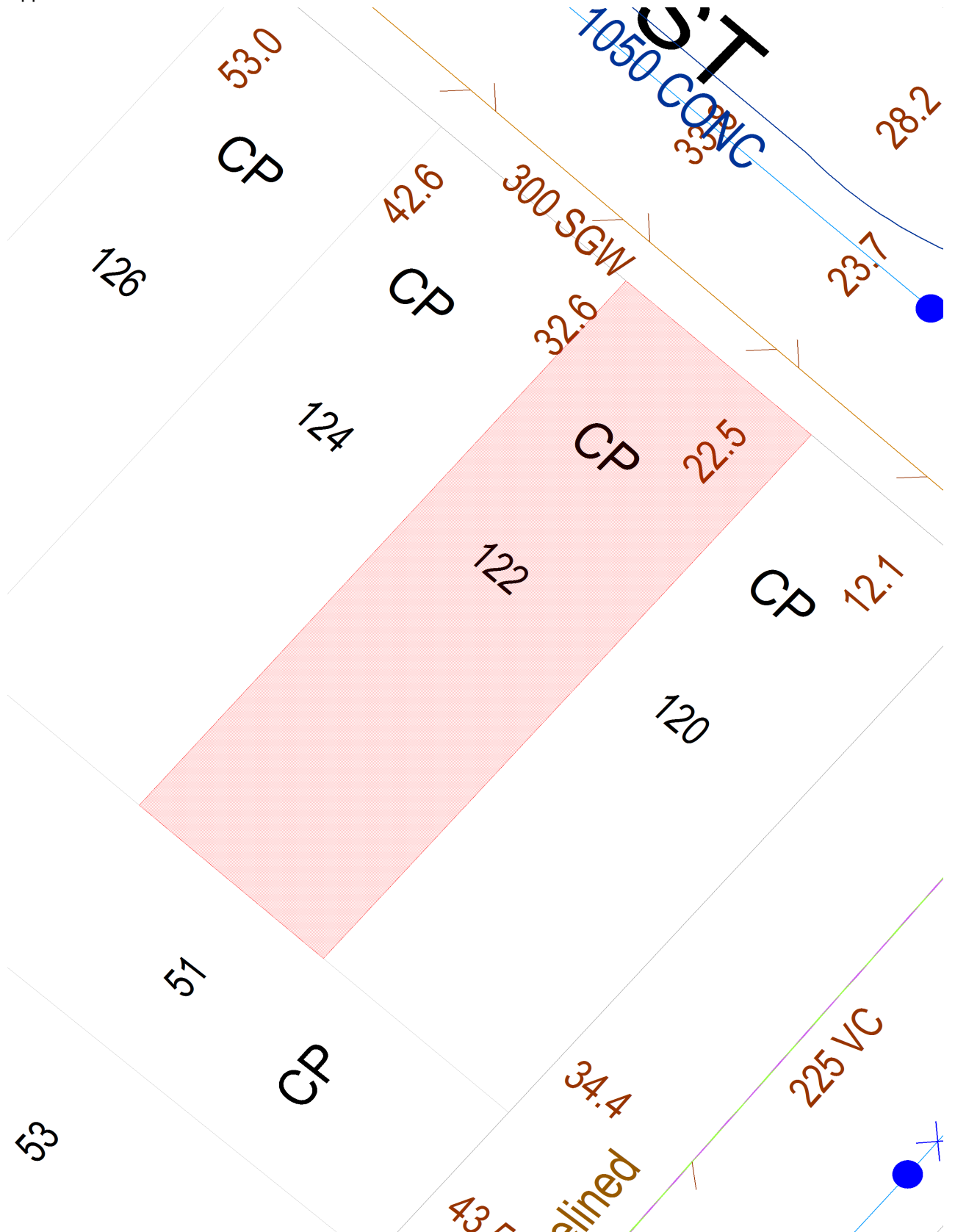
Agreed by Cory Adler

Agreed by Hamish McConnell

Audit Trail

01 June 2023 05:04 PM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Cory Adler (c_adler@outlook.com), Hamish McConnell (bigredhamish@gmail.com)	
01 June 2023 05:04 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Cory Adler	123.51.18.84
01 June 2023 05:04 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Hamish McConnell	123.51.18.84
08 June 2023 03:10 PM	The NSW Residential Tenancy documents: NSW Tenant info statement (NSW_tenant_info_statement.pdf), have been sent to Cory Adler (c_adler@outlook.com), Hamish McConnell (bigredhamish@gmail.com)	
08 June 2023 03:10 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Cory Adler	123.51.18.84
08 June 2023 03:10 PM	Residential Tenancy agreement is sent to Hamish McConnell	123.51.18.84
09 June 2023 08:32 AM	Viewed by Hamish McConnell	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:34 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the by-laws clause	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:34 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the swimming pool clause	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the additional terms	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the pets clause	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Hamish McConnell initialled the Rent Increase	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the previous condition report	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Hamish McConnell Initialled the bottom of each page	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:35 AM	Tenant Hamish McConnell has confirmed their identity	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:36 AM	Tenant Hamish McConnell has confirmed their identity	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:36 AM	Signed by Hamish McConnell	49.179.43.88
09 June 2023 08:36 AM	Hamish McConnell has sent the agreement back to the agent	49.179.43.88
10 June 2023 09:37 AM	Viewed by Cory Adler	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:40 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the by-laws clause	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:40 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the swimming pool clause	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:40 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the additional terms	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:40 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the pets clause	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Cory Adler initialled the Rent Increase	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the previous condition report	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Cory Adler Initialled the bottom of each page	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Tenant Cory Adler has confirmed their identity	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Signed by Cory Adler	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	Cory Adler has sent the agreement back to the agent	58.107.121.74
10 June 2023 09:41 AM	All signatures received, Contract is sent back to the agent	
14 June 2023 10:51 AM	Signed by agent Emma Whaling	123.51.18.84
14 June 2023 10:51 AM	Residential Tenancy agreement has been sent to: c_adler@outlook.com, bigredhamish@gmail.com, emma@oxfordagency.com.au	

Service Location Print
Application Number: 8002977321



Document generated at 22-11-2023 05:40:11 PM

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Asset Information

Legend

Sewer		Property Details	
Sewer Main (with flow arrow & size type text)		Boundary Line	
Disused Main		Easement Line	
Rising Main		House Number	
Maintenance Hole (with upstream depth to invert)		Lot Number	
Sub-surface chamber		Proposed Land	
Maintenance Hole with Overflow chamber		Sydney Water Heritage Site (please call 132 092 and ask for the Heritage Unit)	
Ventshaft EDUCT			
Ventshaft INDUCT			
Property Connection Point (with chainage to downstream MH)			
Concrete Encased Section			
Terminal Maintenance Shaft			
Maintenance Shaft			
Rodding Point			
Lamphole			
Vertical			
Pumping Station			
Sewer Rehabilitation			
Pressure Sewer		Water	
Pressure Sewer Main		WaterMain - Potable (with size type text)	
Pump Unit (Alarm, Electrical Cable, Pump Unit)		Disconnected Main - Potable	
Property Valve Boundary Assembly		Proposed Main - Potable	
Stop Valve		Water Main - Recycled	
Reducer / Taper		Special Supply Conditions - Potable	
Flushing Point		Special Supply Conditions - Recycled	
		Restrained Joints - Potable	
		Restrained Joints - Recycled	
		Hydrant	
		Maintenance Hole	
		Stop Valve	
		Stop Valve with By-pass	
		Stop Valve with Tapers	
		Closed Stop Valve	
		Air Valve	
		Valve	
		Scour	
		Reducer / Taper	
		Vertical Bends	
		Reservoir	
		Recycled Water is shown as per Potable above. Colour as indicated	
Vacuum Sewer		Private Mains	
Pressure Sewer Main		Potable Water Main	
Division Valve		Recycled Water Main	
Vacuum Chamber		Sewer Main	
Clean Out Point		Symbols for Private Mains shown grey	
Stormwater			
Stormwater Pipe			
Stormwater Channel			
Stormwater Gully			
Stormwater Maintenance Hole			

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
WS	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

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Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8002977354

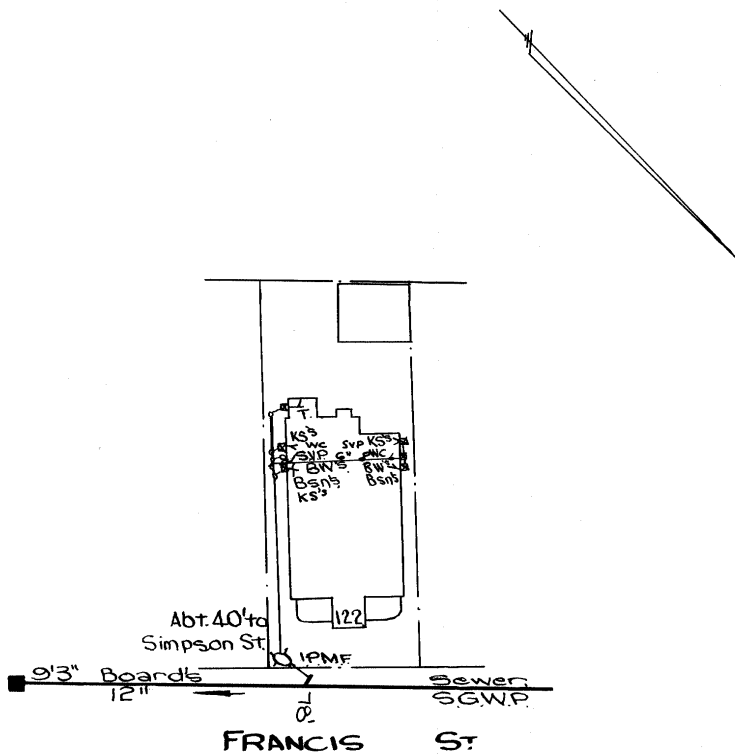
METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD
SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM
 Municipality of Waverley No. 261462

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS			
☒	Boundary Trap	☒ R.V.	Reflux Valve
☐	Pit	☒	Cleaning Eye
☐	G.I. Grease Interceptor	○ VERT.	Vertical Pipe
☐	Gully	○ V.P.	Vent. Pipe
☐	P.T. P. Trap	○ S.V.P.	Soil Vent. Pipe
☐	R.S. Reflux Sink	○ D.C.C.	Down Cast Cowl
		I.P.	Induct Pipe
		M.F.	Mica Flap
		T.	Tubs
		K.S.	Kitchen Sink
		W.C.	Water Closet
		B.W.	Bath Waste
		Bas.	Basin
		Shr.	Shower
		W.I.P.	Wrought Iron Pipe
		C.I.P.	Cast Iron Pipe
		F.W.	Floor Waste
		W.M.	Washing Machine

SCALE: 40 FEET TO AN INCH.

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer.



W. Cs. U. Cs.

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SHEET No. 976

OFFICE USE ONLY

FOR ENGINEER HOUSE SERVICES

DRAINAGE		PLUMBING	
Supervised by	DATE	Supervised by	DATE
Inspector	/ /	Inspector	/ /
Examined by	/ /	391 387	
Chief Inspector	/ /		
Tracing Checked	/ /		
		BRANCH OFFICE	
		Date	/ /
		Outfall	LL
		Drainer	
		Plumber	
		Boundary Trap	is/are required.

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Disclaimer

The information in this diagram shows the private wastewater pipes on this property. It may not be accurate or to scale and may not show our pipes, structures or all property boundaries. If you'd like to see these, please buy a Service location print.